

Dr.M.G.R Educational and Research Institute Univeristy (Decl. U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956) DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING B.Tech. Civil Engineering (Full Time) Curriculum & Syllabus 2013 Regulation

III SEMESTER										
S.No	Sub. Code	Title of Subject	L	Т	Р	С				
1.	BMA13005	Mathematics III for Mechanical & Civil Engineers	3	1	0	4				
2.	BCE13001	Applied Mechanics	3	1	0	4				
3.	BCE13004	Fluid Mechanics	3	1	0	4				
4.	BCE13006	Building Materials and Construction	3	0	0	3				
5.	BCE 13002	Engineering Earth science	3	0	0	3				
6.	BCE13003	Surveying I	3	0	0	3				
7.	BCE13L03	Survey LAB - I	0	0	2	1				
8.	BCE13L01	Computer Aided Building Drawing	0	0	2	1				
		TOTAL	18	3	4	23				

IV SEMESTER									
SNo.	Sub. Code	Title of Subject	L	Т	Р	С			
1.	BMA13009	Numerical methods for Mechanical & Civil Engineers.	3	1	0	4			
2.	BCE13005	Strength of Materials	3	1	0	4			
3.	BCE13007	Applied hydraulics Engineering	3	1	0	4			
4.	BCE13008	Concrete and Construction Technology	3	0	0	3			
5.	BCE 13009	Basics of Remote Sensing and GIS	3	0	0	3			
6.	BCE13010	Surveying II	3	0	0	3			
7.	BCE13L04	Fluid mechanics & Hydraulics machinery lab	0	0	2	1			
8.	BCE13L02	Strength of materials and Concrete lab	0	0	2	1			
9.	BCE13L05	Survey Practical - II	0	0	1	1			
10.	BEN13L01	Career and Confidence Building (Soft Skills – I)	2	0	0	2			
		TOTAL	21	3	5	26			



V SEMESTER								
S.No.	Sub. Code	Title of Subject	L	Т	Р	С		
1.	BCE13011	Structural Analysis I	3	1	0	4		
2.	BCE13012	Design of Concrete Structures I	3	1	0	4		
3.	BCE13013	Transportation Engineering I	3	0	0	3		
4.	BCE13014	Environmental Engineering I	3	0	0	3		
5.	BCE 13015	Soil Mechanics	3	1	0	4		
6.	BCE13016	Irrigation Engineering	3	0	0	3		
7.	BCE13L06	Soil Mechanics Lab	0	0	2	1		
8.	BCE13L07	Environmental Irrigation Drawing	0	0	2	1		
9.	BCE13L08	Survey Camp	0	0	2	1		
10.	BEN13L02	Career and Confidence Building (Soft Skills – II)	2	0	0	2		
		TOTAL	21	3	6	26		

VI SEMESTER								
S. No.	Sub. Code	Title of Subject	L	Т	Р	С		
1.	BCE13017	Structural Analysis - II	3	1	0	4		
2.	BCE13018	Design of Concrete Structures II	3	1	0	4		
3.	BCE13019	Transportation Engineering II	3	0	0	3		
4.	BCE13020	Water resources Engineering	3	0	0	3		
5.	BCE13021	Environmental Engineering II	3	0	0	3		
6.	BCE13022	Foundation Engineering	3	0	0	3		
7.	BCE13L09	Transportation Engineering Lab	0	0	2	1		
8.	BCE13L10	Environmental Engineering Lab	0	0	2	1		
9.	BCE13L11	Practical training	0	0	0	1		
		TOTAL	18	2	4	23		



VII SEMESTER									
S.No.	Code No.	Title of Subject	L	Т	Р	С			
1.	BCE13023	Estimation and Quantity Surveying	3	0	0	3			
2.	BCE13024	Design of Steel structures	3	1	0	4			
3.	BCE13025	Prestressed concrete structures	3	0	0	3			
4.	BCE13026	Construction Management	3	0	0	3			
5.	BCEEXX	Elective I	3	0	0	3			
6.	BCEEXX	Elective II	3	0	0	3			
7.	BCE13L12	Structural Analysis and Design Lab	0	0	2	1			
8.	BCE13L13	Advanced Concrete lab	0	0	2	1			
9.	BCE 13L14	Design Project	0	0	0	1			
		TOTAL	18	3	4	22			

VIII SEMESTER								
S.No.	Code No.	Title of Subject	L	Т	Р	С		
1.	BCE13027	Structural Dynamics and Earth quake Engineering.	3	1	0	4		
2.	BMG13001	Professional Ethics	3	0	0	3		
3.	BMG13002	Total Quality Management	3	0	0	3		
4.	BCE13L15	Project Work	0	0	14	9		
		TOTAL	9	0	14	19		

First Year : 45

Second Year : 47

Third Year : 47

Fourth Year : 41

Total Credits : 184



B.Tech. Civil Engineering (Full Time) Curriculum & Syllabus 2013 Regulation LIST OF ELECTIVE SUBJECTS (COMMON for F.T & P.T)

ELECTIVES- I									
S.No.	Code No.	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С			
1.	BCE13E01	Transportation Planning and Systems	3	0	0	3			
2.	BCE13E02	Ground Water Engineering	3	0	0	3			
3.	BCE13E03	Traffic Engineering and Management	3	0	0	3			
4.	BCE13E04	Housing planning and design	3	0	0	3			
5.	BCE13E05	Hydrology	3	0	0	3			
6.	BCE13E06	Environmental Impact Assessment	3	0	0	3			
7.	BCE13E07	Industrial Waste Management	3	0	0	3			

ELECTIVES- II									
S.No.	Code No.	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С			
1.	BCE13E08	Municipal Solid Waste and Management	3	0	0	3			
2.	BCE13E09	Bridge Structures	3	0	0	3			
3.	BCE13E10	Storage Structures	3	0	0	3			
4.	BCE13E11	Tall Buildings	3	0	0	3			
5.	BCE13E12	Pre fabricated Structures	3	0	0	3			
6.	BCE13E13	Industrial Structures	3	0	0	3			
7.	BCE13E14	Smart Structures and Smart Materials	3	0	0	3			

ELECTIVES- III									
S.No.	Code No.	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С			
1.	BCE13E15	Finite Element Analysis	3	0	0	3			
2.	BCE13E16	Earthquake Resistant Structures	3	0	0	3			
3.	BCE13E17	Ground Improvement Techniques	3	0	0	3			
4.	BCE13E18	Environmental Science And Engineering	3	0	0	3			
5.	BCE13E19	Concrete Technology (NEW)	3	0	0	3			
6.	BCE13E20	Modern methods in Surveying (NEW)	3	0	0	3			
7.	BCE13E21	Disaster Management	3	0	0	3			



MATHEMATICS III FOR MECHANICAL & CIVIL ENGINEERS BMA13005 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- > To grasp the concept of Fourier Series and its applications.
- > To solve partial differential equations.
- \succ To be familiar with boundary value problems.
- > To learn more about Fourier Transforms.
- > To understand thoroughly fundamentals of statistics.

UNIT I: PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Formation of PDE by eliminating arbitrary constants and eliminating arbitrary functions - Solutions of standard types of first order equations - Lagrange's equation - Linear partial differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients.

UNIT II: FOURIER SERIES

Dirichlet's conditions - General Fourier series - Half range Sine & Cosine series - Complex form of Fourier series -Parseval's identity – Harmonic Analysis.

UNIT III: APPLICATIONS OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Classification of second order linear partial differential equations - Solutions of one dimensional wave equation, one-dimensional heat equation - Steady state solution of two dimensional heat equation (Cartesian coordinates only) - Fourier series solutions.

UNIT IV: LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

Transforms of simple functions - Properties of Transforms - Inverse Transforms - Transforms of Derivatives and Integrals - Periodic functions - Initial and final value theorems - Convolution theorem - Applications of Laplace transforms for solving linear ordinary differential equations up to second order with constant coefficients and Linear simultaneous differential equations of first order with constant coefficients.

UNIT V: FOURIER TRANSFORMS

Statement of Fourier integral theorem – Fourier transform pairs – Fourier Sine and Cosine transforms – Properties - Transforms of simple functions - Convolution theorem - Parseval's theorem.

TEXT BOOKS

- Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics (for semester III), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., (2005). 1.
- 2. Singaravelu, Transforms and Partial Differential Equations, Meenakshi Agency, (2009). (P) Ltd.,

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics (for first year), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., (2007).
- Kreyszig E., Advanced Engineering Mathematics (9 th ed.), John Wiley & Sons, (2011). 2.
- 3. Grewal B.S., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, (2012).

B.Tech Civil Engineering – 2013 Regulation

12Hrs

12Hrs

12Hrs

12Hrs

12Hrs

Total No. of Hours: 60



BCE 13001

APPLIED MECHANICS

3104

OBJECTIVES:

- > To make the student aware of the various types of Stress, Strain and their relationships.
- > The student will have knowledge about behavior of members subjected to various types of forces.
- The end of the course the student should know the shear force and bending moment of various types of beams under different loading condition.

UNITI: INTRODUCTION TO FORCE CONCEPT

Equivalent system of forces, rigid bodies, external & internal forces-Application of Statics of Particles-Free body Diagram Concurrent & Non Concurrent Forces - Principles of transmissibility- Equivalent forces & Varignon's theorem. Tension, Compression and Shear stress – Lateral Strain- Poisson's Ratio- Volumetric Strain – Deformation of Simple and Compound Bars - Elastic constants – Composite Sections - Thermal stresses –Thin cylinders and Spherical shells – Stresses at a point in thin Shells.

UNIT II: CENTRE OF GRAVITY AND MOMENT OF INERTIA

Areas and volumes - Centroid of simple areas and volumes by integration - Centroid of composite areas - Second moment of areas - Radius of Gyration - Parallel axis and Perpendicular axis theorems - Moment of Inertia of simple areas by Integration -Moment of Inertia of Composite Areas - Mass Moment of Inertia of thin plates and simple solids.

UNIT III: BENDING MOMENT & SHEAR FORCE

Introduction to Bending and S.F- Beams and support conditions – types of supports – types of loads - shear forces and bending moment diagrams for simply supported beams, cantilevers and overhanging beams with all loads.

UNIT IV: ANALYSIS OF STATICALLY DETERMINATE PLANE TRUSSES

Stability and equilibrium of plane frames – Perfect frames - Types of Trusses – Analysis of forces in trusses member – Method of joints – Method of Sections – Tension co-efficient method – Graphical method

UNIT V: PRINCIPAL STRESSES & TORSION OF SHAFTS

Two Dimensional – Stresses on inclined planes – Combined stresses – Principal stresses and Principal planes – Graphical treatment – Mohr's circle of stress –Theory of torsion-Torsion of circular and hollow circular shafts and shear stresses due to torsion-closed and open coiled helical springs, leaf springs and spiral springs.

Total No of Hours:60

12 Hrs

12 Hrs



- 1. R.S.Kurmi, A Text of Engineering Mechanics, S.Chand and Co New Delhi,1984
- 2. S. Ramamirutham and R.Narayanan, Strength of Materials, Dhanpat Rai Publications, New Delhi, 1989.
- 3. Punmia.B.C., Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain, Mechanics of Materials, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., 2003

REFERENCES

- 1. Kazimi S.M.A. " Solid Mechanics ", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1991.
- 2. Laudner T.J. and Archer R.R., " Mechanical of Solids in Introduction ",McGraw Hill International Editions
- 3. William A.Nash, "Theory and Problems of Strength of Material" Schaum's outline series, Mc Graw Hill International Editions 1994



OBJECTIVES:

BCE 13004

- > To know the importance, application and inter-relationship of various properties of fluid.
- > To study theories those explain the behaviour and performance of fluid when the fluid is flowing through the pipe.
- To understand the utilization of dimensional analysis as a tool in solving problems in the field of fluid \geq mechanics.

UNIT I: DEFINITIONS AND FLUID PROPERTIES

Definitions - Fluid and Fluid Mechanics - Dimensions and Units - Fluid properties -Viscosity, Compressibility, Surface tension and Capillarity, Continuum - concept of system and control volume.

UNIT II: FLUID STATISTICS

Pascal's law and Hydrostatic equation - Forces on plane and Curved surfaces - buoyancy metacentric height pressure measurement - gauges and manometers.

UNIT III: FLUID KINEMATICS

Stream, streak and path lines - classification of flows - continuity equation - stream and potential functions -flow nets - velocity and acceleration measurement.

UNIT IV: FLUID DYNAMICS

Euler and Bernoulli's equations - application of Bernoulli's equation - discharge measurement Hagen Poiseuille equation - turbulent flow - Darcy Weisbach formula

UNIT V: BOUNDARY LAYER, FLOW THROUGH PIPES AND DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS 19 Hrs

Definition of boundary layer - thickness and classification - displacement and momentum thicknesses - major and minor losses of flow in pipes – pipes in series and in parallel - pipe network. Dimensional analysis - Rayleigh's method - Buckingham π -theorem.

TEXT BOOKS

- Dr.R. K. Bansal., "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines ", Laxmi Publications 2005. 1.
- 2. Fox, Robert W. And McDonald, Alan T., "Introduction to Fluid Mechanics ", John Willey & sons

REFERENCES

- 1. Streeter, Victor I. And Wylie, Benjamin E., "Fluid Mechanics ", McGraw-Hill Ltd., 1998.
- 2. Natarajan M.K., "Principles of Fluids Mechanics", Anuradha Agencies, Kumbakonam, 1995

3104

8 Hrs

11 Hrs

12 Hrs

8 Hrs

Total No of Hours: 60



BCE 13006

BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

3003

9Hrs

9Hrs

OBJECTIVES:

- > To know about different materials and their properties; Engineering aspects related to buildings.
- ➢ To know about importance of Surveying .
- \geq To know about the transportation systems.
- > To get exposed to the rudiments of engineering related to Dams, Water Supply, Transportation system and Sewage Disposal

UNIT I: BRICKS, AGGREGATES AND CEMENT

Bricks - Classification - Manufacturing process - Test on bricks - Aggregate: Natural Stone Aggregate -Industrial By- product – Crushing strength, impact strength, and flakiness – Abrasion resistance – Grading – sand – Bulking, Cement: Cement Ingredients - Manufacturing Process - Types - Testing of Cement

UNIT II: MASONRY& MORTAR

Masonry - stone masonry - rubble and Ashlar masonry - Brick masonry - Bond - Definition need and scope - Types of bonds - English and Flemish bond - merits and demerits - composite masonry - solid and hollow block masonrysoil-cement bricks-Load bearing and non-load bearing walls-Codal provisions. Mortar - Preparation of Lime and Cement Mortar- Concrete - Ingredients - Manufacturing Process - Batching Plant - Ready Mix Concrete - Paints -Plastics - Glass

UNIT III: SUB STRUCTURE AND SUPER STRUCTURE

Substructure - Setting Out of Foundation and Trenches - Excavation and Timbering - Foundation - Shallow Foundation - Deep Foundation. Super Structure - Stone Masonry - Brick Masonry - Hollow Block Masonry.

UNIT IV: FLOOR, ROOF & STAIR CASE

Floors - Types of floor - Details of concrete and terrazzo floors - Roofs - Types of Roofs - Types of Flat roofs sloping roofs -different types and usage - shell roofs - roof coverings-AC sheets-GI sheets-FRP roofs Water proofing treatment of roofs -tar felt treatment- chemical treatment- Types of weathering courses Stair Case – Definition – Types of Stair - General Dimension and Requirements - Layout of Stair Case.

UNIT V: BUILDING SERVICES

Damp Proofing- Acoustics Treatment - Thermal Insulation - Fire Protection - Ventilation - Earth Quake Protection-Integration of services in buildings - water supply & plumbing layout for a residential building - elevators & escalators - planning & installation - basic components of the electrical system for a residence -

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Rangwala, S.C. Engineering Materials, Charotar Publishing House, 8th ed. 1983.
- 2. Arora S.P. and Bindra S.P., Building Construction, Planning Techniques and
- Method of Construction, Dhanpat roy and Sons, 1997.

REFERENCES

- 1. Taylor, G.D. Materials of Construction, USA Longman Inc. 1989. 2.
- Arora and Bindra, Building Materials and Building Construction, Dhanpat Raj

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

Total No of Hours: 45

BCE13002

OBJECTIVES: > To graduate students capable to carryout fieldworks in the engineering geology and/or in Environmental geology and geological hazards specializations.

The student shall also be able to appreciate the importance of geological formation incusing earthquake \geq sand landslides.

ENGINEERING EARTH SCIENCE

UNIT I : GENERAL GEOLOGY

Geology in civil engineering - branches of geology - earth structure and composition - elementary knowledge on continental drift and plate tectonics. Seismo tectonics of the Indian plate, seismic zones of India, Weathering - work of rivers, wind, glaciers.

UNIT II: MINERALOGY

Physical properties of minerals - study of rock forming minerals - quartz family. Feldspar family, augite, hornblende, biotite, muscovite, calcite, garnet - properties, behavior and engineering significance of clay minerals -fundamentals of process of formation of ore minerals - coal and petroleum - their origin and occurrence in India.

UNIT III: PETROLOGY

Classification of Soil and Rock, Types of rock and origin: Igneous (extrusive and intrusive), sedimentary and metamorphic rocks, description occurrence, engineering properties of following rocks. Igneous rocks - granite, diorite, gabbro, pegmatite, dolerite and basalt sedimentary rocks sandstone, limestone, shale, conglomerate and breccia. Metamorphic rocks, quartzite, marble, slate, phyllite, gneiss and schist.

UNIT IV : STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICAL METHOD

Strength Behavior of Soil and Rock, Stress and strain in rock, failure and shear failure of soil and rock, folds, faults and joints in rock, consequences of failure (earthquakes), Bearing on engineering construction. Seismic and electrical methods for civil engineering investigations.

UNIT V : GEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Geologic Mapping and Remote Sensing, Topographic maps, geologic maps, aerial photographs, LIDAR, SAR, interpretation for civil engineering projects - geological conditions necessary for construction of dams, tunnels, buildings, road cuttings, landslides - causes and preventions. Sea erosion and coastal protection.

TEXT BOOKS

- Parbin singh, "Engineering and General geology", S. K. Kataria & Sons, 2009 1.
- D. Venkat Reddy "Engineering Geology", Vikas publishing House New Delhi, 2010 2.
- 3. Krynine and Judd, "Engineering Geology and Geotechniques", McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi 1990.

REFERENCE

- 1. Legeet, "Geology and Engineering ", McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi
- 2. Blyth, "Geology for Engineers", elbs, Pune 1995

3003

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

Total No of Hrs = 45





OBJECTIVES:

- To measure the land area by chaining and the methods of clearing the obstacles. \triangleright
- To measure the area and distance between the points by compass and plane table . \geq
- To measure the elevation of points for the preparation of map. \geq
- \geq To measure the height and distance by theodolite.
- \geq To know the setting out works for construction purposes.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTIONS AND CHAIN SURVEYING

Definition - principles - classification - survey instruments - ranging and chaining - reciprocal ranging - setting perpendiculars -- errors - traversing.

UNIT II : COMPASS SURVEYING AND PLANE TABLE SURVEYING 7 Hrs

Prismatic compass - surveyor's compass - bearing - systems and conversions - local attraction - magnetic declination - dip - adjustment of error - plane table instruments and accessories - merits and demerits - methods - radiation intersection - resection.

UNIT III : LEVELLING AND APPLICATIONS

Level line - horizontal line - levels and staves - sprit level - bench marks - temporary and permanent adjustments - fly and check leveling - reciprocal leveling - longitudinal and cross sections.

UNIT IV : CONTOURING

Contouring - methods -characteristics and uses of contours - plotting - calculation of areas and volumes- earth work volume.

UNIT V : THEODOLITE SURVEYING

Theodolite - vernier - description and uses - temporary and permanent adjustments of vernier transit - swinghorizontal angles - vertical angles - measurements of angles and distances - omitted measurements.

Total No. of Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Kanetkar T.P., "Surveying and Levelling ", vols. I and II, United Book Corporation, Pune, 1994.
- 2. Punmia B.C., "Surveying ", Vols. I and II, Laxmi Publications, Mumbai, 1999.
- N.N basak., "Surveying and Levelling ", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2004. 3.

REFERENCES

- 1. Clark D., Plane and Geodetic Surveying ", vols. I and II and C.B.S. Publishers, New Delhi, Sixth edition, 1991.
- 2. James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, "Introduction to Surveying ", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1995

3003

12 Hrs

8 Hrs

8 Hrs

SURVEYING PRACTICAL - 1

OBJECTIVES: Experiments related to finding height and distances by tacheometric, single plane and double plane method.

- > Setting out simple curve for construction of road purposes.
- > Setting out of works for foundation marking, use of stereoscope for 3-D viewing, Co-ordinate measurements by GPS and Traversing by Total station.

Ranging - Chaining - Traverse **UNIT II : COMPASS SURVEYING** 4 Hrs

Traverse

UNIT III: PLANE TABLE SURVEYING

UNIT I : CHAIN SURVEYING

Triangulation to find distance between inaccessible points with and without known scale - Three-Point Problem -Two-Point Problem.

Study of levels and leveling staff – Fly leveling using dumpy level – Fly leveling using tilting level – Check leveling.

UNIT V : THEODOLITE

UNIT IV: LEVELLING

Study of Theodolite Measurement of angles by reiteration and repetition - Measurement of vertical angles

TEXT BOOKS

- Punmia B.C., "Surveying ", Vols. III, Laxmi Publications, Mumbai, 1999 and I, II. 1.
- N.N Basak ., "Surveying and Levelling ", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited New Delhi, 2. 2004.

REFERENCES

- Clark D., "Plane and Geodetic Surveying ", Vols. II and C.B.S. Publishers, I and Distributors, New Delhi, 1 Sixth Edition, 1991.
- James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, "Introduction to Surveying ", McGraw Hill Book Company, 2. New Delhi, 1995



BCE13L03

0021

6 Hrs

4Hrs

8 Hrs

8 Hrs

30

Total No of Hours:



BCE13L01

COMPUTER AIDED BUILDING DRAWING 0021

OBJECTIVES:

- > To provide the student with an appreciation of the capabilities and limitations of the AutoCAD program.
- Course topics include basic AutoCAD

UNIT I: LEVEL AND SOME COMMANDS AND FUNCTIONS AS WELL AS PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Learn and use basic AutoCAD commands manage drawing using layers, colour and line types complete basic cad drawings, with borders, text and dimensions use and edit text and text styles Method of scales in various drawing understand and the use of blocks.
- 2. Development of line plan for residential building. (Two assignments one for single storied building and another for two storied building.)
- 3. Submission drawing for residential building including its planning and with area and parking statements and all other details as per the norms and local bye-laws. (Two assignments)
- 4. Industrial buildings with roof truss.
- 5. To draw the 3D view of residential building.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Civil Engg. Drawing & House planning B.P.Verma, Khanna publishers, Delhi, 1990
- 2. Building drawing & detailing Dr. Balagopal & T.S.Prabhu, Spades publishers, Calicut, 1989.

REFERENCES

- 1. Building drawing Shah, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi,2000.
- 2. Building planning & drawing Dr. N.Kumaraswamy, A.Kameswara Rao, Charotar publishing house. Mumbai,1997.
- 3. Shah, Kale and Patki, Building drawing, Tata McGraw-Hill New Delhi,,1998.

BMA 13009 NUMERICAL METHODS FOR MECHANICAL AND CIVIL ENGINEERS 3104

OBJECTIVES: The student will learn

- Methods of solution of algebraic equations >
- Basic principles of numerical interpolation methods.
- Solution methods for ordinary and partial differential equations.

UNIT I: SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations - Method of false position - Iteration method - Newton-Raphson method – Solution of Linear system of equations – Gauss Elimination method – Gauss-Jordan method - Iterative methods - Gauss-Jacobi method - Gauss-Seidel method - Matrix Inversion by Gauss-Jordan method.

UNIT II: INTERPOLATION

Newton forward and backward differences - Central differences - Stirling's and Bessel's formulae - Interpolation with Newton's divided differences - Lagrange's method.

UNIT III: NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION 12 Hrs

Numerical Differentiation with interpolation polynomials – Numerical Integration by Trapezoidal and Simpson's (both 1/3 rd & 3/8 th) rules – Two and three point Gaussian Quadrature formulae – Double integrals using Trapezoidal and Simpson's rules.

UNIT IV: NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 12 Hrs

Taylor's series - Euler's & Modified Euler's method - Runge Kutta method of fourth order for first & second order differential equations – Milne's predictor-corrector method – Adam-Bashforth's predictor-corrector method.

UNIT V: NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 12 Hrs

Finite difference solutions for one dimensional heat equation (both implicit & explicit) – Bender-Schmidt method – Crank-Nicolson method - One dimensional wave equation - Two dimensional Laplace and Poisson equations -Liebmann's method.

Total No. of Hrs :60

TEXT BOOK

1) Veerarajan T. (2005), "Numerical Methods", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.

REFERENCES

- 1) Sastry S.S. (2003), "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", Prentice Hall of India.
- 2) Kandasamy P., Thilagavathy, Gunavathy K. (2008), "Numerical Methods" (Vol.IV), S.Chand & Co.,
- 3) Grewal B.S. (2012), "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers.



12 Hrs





BCE 13005

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

OBJECTIVES:

- > To determine the deflections in beams by various methods which is an important criteria in design.
- > To analyse the structural elements by energy concepts and find stresses and deflections.
- To examine the behaviour of columns and development of various theories in evaluating the critical loads and design of columns.

UNIT I : ENERGY PRINCIPLES

Strain energy and strain energy density - Strain energy in tension, shear, flexure and torsion - Castigliano's & Engessor's energy theorems- Principle of Virtual Work- Application of energy theorems for computing deflection in Determinate structures – Maxwell's reciprocal theorem.

UNIT II : DEFLECTIONS

Methods of Deflection Determination of Deflection curve – computation of slopes and deflections in Determinate Beams - Double Integration method – Macaulay's method – Area Moment method – Conjugate Beam method.

UNIT III : INDETERMINATE BEAMS

Propped Cantilever and Fixed Beams - Fixed End Moments and Reactions for Standard cases of Loading - Continuous Beams - Theorem of Three Moments - Analysis of Continuous Beams - S.F. and B.M. Diagrams for Continuous Beams.

UNIT IV: COLUMNS

Eccentrically Loaded Short Columns Middle Third Rule - Core of Section - Columns of Unsymmetrical Sections - Rankine – Gordon Formula Eccentrically Loaded Long Columns. Theories of Failure - Principal Stress, Principal Strain, Shear Stress, Strain Energy and Distortion Energy Theories.

UNIT V: ADVANCED TOPICS

Unsymmetrical Bending of Beams of Symmetrical and Unsymmetrical Sections – Box sections and its importance – Curved bars – Winkler Bach Formula - Shear Center Simple problems - Residual Stresses (only theory) - Stress Concentration (only theory) - Fatigue and Fracture (only theory).

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. R.S. Khurmi, "Engineering Mechanics of Solids ", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. S.S Ratan, "Strength of Materials ", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008

REFERENCES

- 1. Laudner T.J. and Archer R.R., " Mechanical of Solids in Introduction ",McGraw Hill International Editions, New Delhi,1994..
- 2. William A.Nash, "Theory and Problems of Strength of Material" Schaum's outline series, Mc Graw Hill International Editions, New Delhi, 1994

12 Hrs

11 Hrs

13Hrs

13Hrs

Total No of Hours : 60

11 Hrs

3104



Dr.M.G.R **Educational and Research Institute** University (Decl. U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956) DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING APPLIED HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING

BCE13007

OBJECTIVES:

- > To study the features and function of various devices used to measure the pressure of fluid;
- ≻ To study the features and function of various devices used to measure the velocity and discharge of fluid;
- To study theories those explain the behaviour and performance of fluid when the fluid is flowing in an open \geq channel

FLOW IN OPEN CHANNEL

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Open channel flow - types and regime of flow - velocity distribution in open channel - specific energy - critical flow and its computation.

UNIT II: UNIFORM FLOW

Uniform flow - velocity measurement - manning's and Chezy's formula - determination of roughness coefficients determination of normal depth and velocity - most economical sections.

UNIT III: RAPIDLY VARIED FLOW

Hydraulic jump - types - energy dissipation - surges - surge through channel transitions.

PUMPS AND TURBINES

UNIT IV : PUMPS

Introduction - classification - rotodynamic pumps: centrifugal pumps - work done - losses - specific speed minimum speed to start the pump- multistage pumps. Positive displacement pumps - reciprocating pump - slip - air vessels, indicator diagrams and its variations.

UNIT V: TURBINES

TEXT BOOKS

Subramanian k., "Flow in open channels ", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1994. 1.

Classification - radial flow turbines - Reaction turbines - Francis turbine - draft tube and cavitations

- 2. Dr. R.K.Bansal., "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines ", Lakshmi Publications (p) ltd., Pune, 2005.
- 3. Kumar K.L., "Engineering Fluid Mechanics", Eurasia publishing house (p) ltd. New Delhi, (7th edition), 1995.

REFERENCES

- Ven Te Chow, "Open-channel hydraulics ", McGraw Hill Co., 1996 , New York. 1.
- 2. Ramamirtham S., "Fluid mechanics, Hydraulics and Fluid Machines ", Dhanpat Rai

3104

8 Hrs

14 Hrs

15 Hrs

9 Hrs

60

Total No of Hours:



Dr.M.G.R **Educational and Research Institute** Univeristv (Decl. U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956) DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING CONCRETE AND CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY

OBJECTIVES:

- > The specific course on "Concrete Technology" focuses more on detailed understanding of concrete making materials including supplementary cementitious materials.
- Concrete production process also forms a part of the discussion.
- Recent developments in concrete materials are also given adequate consideration.
- > The courses will enable one to make appropriate decision regarding ingredient selection and use of concrete.

UNIT I : CONCRETE MAKING MATERIALS

Aggregates classification - IS Specifications - Properties - Grading - Methods of combining aggregates - Specified gradings - Cement- Grade of cement - Chemical composition-Hydration of cement- Structure of hydrated cement. Testing of fresh and hardened concrete.

UNIT II: CONCRETEMIXDESIGN

Principles of concrete mix design - Methods of concrete mix design. Special cements - Chemical admixtures-Mineral admixture- Chemical attack.

UNIT III : SUB STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION

Techniques of Box jacking - Pipe Jacking - under water construction of diaphragm walls and basement - Tunneling techniques - Piling techniques - Driving well and caisson -Sinking cofferdam - Cable anchoring and grouting -Driving diaphragm walls – Sheet piles – Shoring for deep cutting – Large reservoir construction with membranes and Earth system - Well points - Dewatering and stand by plant equipment for underground open excavation.

UNIT IV: SUPER STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION

Launching girders - Bridge decks - construction sequences in cooling towers, silos and chimneys - Prestressed construction - In-situ pre-stressing in high rise structures - Material handling - Erecting light weight components on tall structures

UNIT V : CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENTS

Selection of equipment for earth work - Earth moving operations - Types of earthwork Equipment - Tractors -Motor graders – Scrapers – Earth movers – Equipment for foundation and pile driving. Equipment for compaction – Batching and mixing and concreting – Equipment for material handling and erection of structures –Equipment for Dredging, Ttrenching, Tunneling

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Shetty. M.S., Concrete Technology, S.Chand and Co, Pune, 1984
- 2. Arora S.P. And Bindra S.P., Building Construction, Planning Techniques and Method of Construction, Dhanpat Roy and Sons, New Delhi, 1997.
- Peurifoy, R.L., Ledbetter, W.D And Schexnayder, C., 'Consruction Plaaning, 3. Equipment and Methods' V Edition McGraw Hill, Singapore, 1995

REFERENCES

- Krishnasamy. K.T., Concrete Technology, Dhanapt Rai New Delhi 1985 1.
- 2. Neville, properties of concrete elbs, 1977.
- 3. Sharma S.C., Building Construction, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.1998

3003

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

45

Total No of Hours :



BASICS OF REMOTE SENSING AND GIS

BCE13009 OBJECTIVES:

- > Introduce the principles of remote sensing to students who are beginners in this field.
- > Fundamental knowledge on the physics of remote sensing.
- Aerial photographic techniques, photogrammetric to understand the GIS, background, development and components of GIS.

UNIT I : REMOTE SENSING

Definition – components of remote sensing – energy, sensor, interacting body - active and passive remote sensing – platforms – aerial and space platforms – balloons, helicopters, aircraft and satellites – synoptivity and receptivity – electro magnetic radiation (EMR) –EMR spectrum – visible, infra red (IR), near IR, middle IR, thermal IR and microwave – black body radiation - Planck's law – Stefan-Boltzman law.

UNIT II: EMR INTERACTION WITH ATMOSPHERE AND EARTH MATERIALS 9 Hrs

Atmospheric characteristics – scattering of EMR – Raleigh, MIE, non-selective and Raman scattering – EMR interaction with water vapour and ozone – atmospheric windows – significance of atmospheric windows – EMR interaction with earth surface materials – radiance, irradiance, incident, reflected, absorbed and transmitted energy – reflectance – specular and diffuse reflection surface- spectral signature – spectral signature curves – EMR interaction with water, soil and earth surface

UNIT III: OPTICAL AND MICROWAVE REMOTE SENSING

Satellites - classification – based on orbits – sun synchronous and geo synchronous – based on purpose – earth resource satellites, communication satellites, weather satellites, spy satellites – satellite sensors - resolution – spectral, spatial, radiometric and temporal resolution – description of multi spectral scanning – along and across track scanners – description of sensors in land sat, spot, irs series – current satellites - radar – speckle - back scattering – side looking airborne radar – synthetic aperture radar – radiometer – geometrical characteristics

UNIT IV: GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM

GIS – components of GIS – hardware, software and organizational context – data – spatial and non-spatial – maps – types of maps – projection – types of projection - data input – digitizer, scanner – editing – raster and vector data structures – comparison of raster and vector data structure – analysis using raster and vector data – retrieval, reclassification, overlaying, buffering – data output – printers and plotters

UNIT V: MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS

Visual interpretation of satellite images – elements of interpretation - interpretation keys characteristics of digital satellite image – image enhancement – filtering – classification - integration of GIS and remote sensing – application of remote sensing and GIS – urban applications - integration of GIS and remote sensing – application of remote sensing and GIS – water resources – urban analysis – watershed management – resources information systems

Total No of Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS

1. Anji Reddy, Remote Sensing and Geographical Information Systems, B.S. Publications, New Delhi, 2001

2. M.G. Srinivas (edited by), Remote Sensing Applications, Nervosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2001. **REFERENCE**

- 1. Lilles and T.M. And Kiefer R.W. Remote Sensing And Image Interpretation, John Wiley And Sons, Inc, New York, 1987.
- 2. Janza.F.J., Blue, H.M., Johnston, J.E., "Manual of Remote Sensing Vol.I American Society of Photogrammetry, Virginia, U.S.A, 1975.
- 3. Burrough P.A, Principle Of Gis For Land Resource Assessment, Oxford, 1990

3003

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs



BCE13010

SURVEYING II

OBJECTIVES:

- > At the end of the course the student will posses knowledge about Tachometric surveying.
- ➢ Control surveying.
- Survey adjustments.
- > Astronomical surveying and Photogrammetric.

UNIT I: ENGINEERING SURVEYS

Curve ranging - Horizontal and vertical curves - Simple Curves - setting with chain and tapes, tangential angles by theodolite, double theodolite - Compound and reverse curves - Transition curves - Functions and requirements - Setting out by offsets and angles - Vertical curves

UNIT II : TACHEOMETRIC SURVEYING

Tacheometric systems - Tangential, stadia and subtense methods - Stadia systems - Horizontal and inclined sights - Vertical and normal staffing - Fixed and movable hairs - Stadia constants - Anallactic lens – Subtense bar.

UNIT III : CONTROL SURVEYING

Working from whole to part - Horizontal and vertical control methods - Triangulation - Signals - Base line – Instruments and accessories - Corrections - Satellite station - Reduction to centre - Trignometric levelling – Single and reciprocal observations - Modern trends.

UNIT IV : SURVEY ADJUSTMENTS

Errors - Sources, precautions and corrections - Classification of errors - True and most probable values -weighted observations - Principle of least squares - Normal equation - Correlates.

UNIT V: PHOTOGRAMMETRY -

Photogrammetry - Introduction - Terrestrial and aerial Photographs - Stereoscopy -Parallax – Electromagnetic distance measurement - Carrier waves - Principles – Instruments Hydrographic Surveying – Tides - MSL - Sounding and methods - Location of soundings and methods - Three point problem - Strength of fix –Sextants and station pointer - River surveys - Measurement of current and discharge -

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Bannister A. and Raymond S., "Surveying", ELBS, Pune, Sixth Edition, 1992.
- 2. Heribert Kahmen and Wolfgang Faig, " Surverying ", Walter de Gruyter, 1995.
- 3. Kanetkar T.P., "Surveying and Levelling ", Vols. I and II, United Book Corporation, Pune, 1994.
- 4. Punmia B.C., "Surveying ", Vols. I, II and III, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi, 1999.

REFERENCES

- 1. Clark D., "Plane and Geodetic Surveying ", Vols. I and II, C.B.S. Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, sixth Edition, 1971.
- 2. James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, "Introduction to Surveying ", McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1985.

3003

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs weight

9 Hrs

Total No of Hours: 45



BCE13L04 FLUID MECHANICS & HYDRALIC MACHINERY LAB			0021
OBJE	CTIVES:		
\succ	To learn the aim, working principle, components, functio	n of hydraulic equipments.	
\triangleright	To get hand-on experience in the operation of hydraulic e	equipments.	
\triangleright	To study to take observations while the equipment is in o	peration.	
\triangleright	To study to do calculations and to draw characteristic cur	ves.	
\triangleright	To interpret the results obtained to arrive a conclusion.		
FLOW	/ MEASUREMENT	12 Hrs	
	i. Venturimeter.		
	ii. Orifice meter.		
	iii. Flow meter.		
LOSSI	ES IN PIPES	4 Hrs	
	Estimation of major energy and minor losses in pipes		
PUMP	'S	10 Hrs	
	Performance characteristics of		
	i. Rated speed centrifugal pump.		
	ii. Multistage centrifugal pump.		
	iii. Gear pump.		

iv. Reciprocating pump.

TURBINES

Performance characteristics of Pelton wheel turbine and Francis turbine.

Total No of Hours: 30

4 Hrs

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Dr. R. K.Bansal., "Fluid Mechanics And Hydraulic Machines ", Lakshmi Publications (P) Ltd.New Delhi 2005.
- 2. Fox, Robert w. and Mcdonald, Alan T., "Introduction to Fluid Mechanics ",John Willey & Sons, New Jersey

REFERENCES

- 1. Streeter, Victor L. And Wylie, Benjamin e., "Fluid Mechanics ", McGraw-Hill Ltd.New Delhi, 1998.
- 2. Natarajan M.K., "Principles of Fluids Mechanics ", Anuradha agencies, Vidayal karuppur, kumbakonam, 1995



BCE13L02 STRENGTH OF MATERIALS AND CONCRETE LAB 0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVE:

- Learn the properties of different materials like steel, concrete, timber, bricks and other materials Study the behavior of different structural elements by conduct of different tests like tension, compression, torsion, impact, shear, bending and hardness tests and develop skill in use of measuring instruments.
 - 1. Tension test on mild steel and for steel rods.
 - 2. Compression test on wooden specimen
 - 3. Double shear test on mild steel and aluminum rods.
 - 4. Torsion test on mild steel rod.
 - 5. Impact test on metal specimen
 - 6. Hardness tests on metals like mild steel, brass, copper and aluminum.
 - 7. Deflection test on metal beam
 - 8. Compression test on helical spring

Total No of Hours: 20

CONCRETE LAB

OBJECTIVE

- > To do tests on cement as per IS codes of practice.
- > To do tests on fine and coarse aggregates according to IS codes of Practice.
- > To do tests on fresh and hardened concrete as pr IS codes of practice.
 - 1. Tests on Cement

To find the Specific Gravity, normal consistency, initial setting time of cement

- 2. Test on Aggregate
 - a. Sieve analysis
 - b. Water Absorption
- 3. Tests on Freshly Mixed Concrete

To find the Compaction Factor, Slump Value, Vee Bee Time and Flow Value Total No of Hours: 10



BCE13L05 SURVEY PRACTICAL II 0011

OBJECTIVES:

- Experiments related to finding height and distances by tachometric, single plane and double plane method.
- > Setting out simple curve for construction of road purposes.
- Setting out of works for foundation marking, use of stereoscope for 3-D viewing, Co-ordinate measurements by GPS and Traversing by Total station.

TACHEOMETRY	10 Hrs
Tangential system (using theodolite, leveling staff)	
Stadia system (using theodolit, leveling staff)	
Sub tense system (using theodolite, tape, cross staff, leveling staff)	
SETTING OUT WORKS	10 Hrs
Foundation marking (using theodolite, tape, ranging rods)	
Simple curve - right / left handed (using theodolite, tape, ranging rods)	
Transition curve (using theodolite, tape, ranging rods)	
FIELD ASTRONOMY	10 Hrs
Field observation for the calculation of azimuth (using theodolite, tape), Total	
Station	

Total No of Hours: 30

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Clark D, " Plane And Geodetic Surveying ", Vols. I and II, C.B.S. Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, Sixth Edition, 1971.
- 2. James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, "Introduction To Surveying ", Mcgraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1985.

REFERENCE

1. Wolf P.R. " Elements Of Photogrammetry", Mcgraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1988



BEN13L01 CAREER AND CONFIDENCE BUILDING(Soft Skills – I)

 $2 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 2$

OBJECTIVES:

To Improve:

- Behavioral Pattern and Basic Etiquette
- Value System
- Inter personal Skills
- Behaving in Corporate Culture
- Self Awareness/Confidence
- Managing Self and Personality Styles including Body Language
- > International Culture/Cross Cultural Etiquette
- Communication Skill

UNIT I

Creation of awareness of the top companies / different verticals/courses for improving skill set matrix, Industry expectations to enable them to prepare for their carrier- Development of positive frame of mind – Avoiding inhibitions – Creation of self awareness – Overcoming of inferiority / superiority complex.

UNIT II

Selection of appropriate field vis-à-vis personality / interest to create awareness of existing industries, Preparation of Curriculum Vitae- Objectives, profiles vis-à-vis companies.

UNIT III

Group discussions: Do's and Don'ts- handling of group discussion- What evaluators look for! Interpersonal relationships – with colleagues – Clients- understanding one's own behavior – perception by others, How to work with persons whose background, culture, language / work style different from one's, behavior pattern in multi-national offices.

UNIT IV

Interview – awareness of facing questions – Do's and Don'ts of personal interviews / group interview, Enabling students prepare for different procedures / levels to enter into any company – books / websites to help for further preparation, technical interview- how to prepare to face it. Under going employability skills test.

UNIT V:

Enterpreneurship development – preparation for tests prior to the interview- Qualities and pre-requisites for launching a firm.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Quantitative Aptitude-R.S.Aggarval, Pub:S.Chand, 1989.
- 2. SoftSkills-Shalini Verma, Pub:Pearson,2009.

REFERENCES

- 1. Enhancing employability @ SOFT SKILLS-Shalini verma, Pub:Pearson,2012.
- 2. A Couse in Communication Skills- P Kiranmai Dutt, Geetha Rajeevan, CLN Prakash, Pub: Foundation Books, 2010.



BCE13011

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS I

3104

OBJECTIVES:

- This course introduces students to the classical methods of structural analysis, i.e., methods for calculating forces and displacements in structures due to given loads and imposed deformations.
- > Both determinate and indeterminate structures are covered.

UNIT I: DEFLECTION OF DETERMINATE STRUCTURES

Principles of virtual work for deflections - Deflections of pin-jointed plane frames and rigid Plane Frames.

UNIT II: MATRIX METHOD FOR INDETERMINATE FRAMES

Equilibrium and compatibility - Determinate Vs indeterminate structures –Indeterminacy - primary structure - Compatibility conditions - Analysis of indeterminate pin-jointed plane frames, continuous beams. Element and global stiffness and flexibility matrices– Co-ordinate transformations – transformations of stiffness matrices - Analysis of Continuous Beams.

UNIT III : SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Analysis of continuous Beams – cantilever beams - Continuous beams and rigid frames (with and without sway) - Symmetry and Asymmetry -Portal Frames.

UNIT IV: MOMENT DISTRIBUTION METHOD

Stiffness and carry over factors –Balance – Distribution and carryover of moments - Analysis of continuous Beams - Plane rigid frames with and without sway – Structural frames

UNIT V: MULTISTOREY FRAMES

Introduction - Analysis of multistorey frames - Approximate methods - Substitute frame method - Portal method - Cantilever method - Factor method

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Structural Analysis by T.S. Thandavamoorty
- 2. Bhavikatti S.S Structural Analysis Vol 1 and vol.2, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd New Delhi

REFERENCES

- 1. Matrix analysis of framed structures William Weaver, Jr & James M.Gere, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi, 1995
- 2. Structural Analysis A Matrix Approach G.S.Pandit & S.P.Gupta, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi ,1998
- 3. Analysis of Structures: Strength and Behaviors T.S. Thandavamoorthy, oxford University press, New Delhi, 2005.

10 Hrs

10 Hrs

10 Hrs

10 Hrs

10 Hrs

Total No of Hours: 60



BCE13012

DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES - I 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- The purpose of this study is to impart comprehensive knowledge on the design of reinforced concrete structural elements such as beams, columns, slabs and footings.
- > To bring about an understanding of the behaviour of reinforced concrete and the design philosophies

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES

Properties of different grades of concrete and steel, Permissible stresses, - advantages of limit state method over other methods - understanding the behavior of R.C.C. members. Load distribution of frame structure for beam, Slabs, Column, and footing. Introduction to IS 456-2000, SP: 16

UNIT II: LIMIT STATE DESIGN FOR BEAMS AND SLABS

Characteristic values, partial safety factor, stress strain relationship - stress block parameters, failure criteria. Limit state of collapse in flexure- Basic Assumptions. Analysis and design of singly reinforced rectangular section & doubly reinforced section, under reinforced section & balanced section. Design and detailing of one-way and two-way slab panels as per IS code provisions.

UNIT III: LIMIT STATE DESIGN FOR SHEAR TORSION BOND AND ANCHARGE 12 Hrs

Behavior of RC beams in shear and torsion-shear and torsion reinforcement-Limit State Design of R C members for combined bending shear and torsion- use of design aids

UNIT IV : LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF COLUMNS

Basic assumptions - Types of columns – Slunderness limits for column- minimum eccentricity - Design and detailing of reinforced concrete short columns of rectangular and circular crosssections under axial load.- column ubder compression and Bi axial bending using IS 456;2000.Examples for practices

UNIT V: LIMIT STATE DESIGN OF FOOTINGS

Design of isolated footing for column subjected to axial loads, Design Of Axially and Eccentrically loaded Rectangular footings-Design of Combined Rectangular footings for Two Columns . Design of raft.

Total No of Hours: 60

*Note: (Use of approved data books permitted) TEXT BOOKS

- 1. N.Krishna Raju "Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures", CBS publishers & Distributors.Latest Edition, IS456:200.
- 2. S.Ramamrudham, Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures, Dhanpat Rai publishing company(p) Ltd New Delhi.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ashok K. Jain Reinforced concrete- Limit state design- New chand & Bros, Roorkee 1997.
- 2. IS: 456- 2000 "Indian Standard for Plain and reinforced concrete code of practice "Bureau of Indian Standard
- 3. A.P Arul Manikam "Structural Engineering"

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

12 Hrs



TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING - I

BCE13013 OBJECTIVES:

- Aim of this subject is to incorporate psychological perception of learning and reasoning of engineering aspects of highway field into Engineers in general.
- The subject involves the application of scientific and technological principles of planning, analysis, design and management to highway engineering.
- > To know about highway planning and geometric design of roads

UNITI: PLANNING AND ALIGNMENT OF HIGHWAY

Highway development in india, Necessity of highway planning, macadam's method of road construction, jayakar committee recommendations and realizations, requirements of ideal alignment, factors controlling highway alignment engineering surveys for alignment, Transportation models and their application using GIS, Intelligent transport system, case studies – Fleet management system using GPS and GIS, Classification and cross section of urban and rural roads (irc), highway cross sectional elements –[irc standards]

UNIT II: GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS

Design of horizontal alignments – super elevation, widening of pavements on horizontal curves and transition curves [derivation of formulae and problems] Design of vertical alignments – rolling, limiting, exceptional and minimum gradients, summit and valley curves sight distances - factors affecting sight distances, piev theory, SSD, OSD, sight distances at intersections, isd and illumination sight distances [derivations and problems in SSD and OSD]. Geometric design of hill roads [irc standards only]

UNIT III: RIGID AND FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS DESIGN

Rigid and flexible pavements- components and their functions design principles of flexible and rigid pavements, factors governing and affecting the design of pavements - design of flexible pavements [cbr method, irc recommendations- problems] design of rigid pavements – [irc recommendations-problems]

UNIT IV : HIGHWAY MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE

Desirable properties and testing of highway materials- construction practice - water bound macadam road, bituminous road and cement concrete road [as per irc and morth specifications] highway drainage [irc recommendations]

UNIT V: PAVEMENT MAINTENANCE

Types of defects in flexible pavements and rigid pavements- symptoms, causes and treatments and special repairs. Pavement evaluation – pavement surface conditions and structural evaluation overlay design by benkelman beam method [procedure only]

*Note: (Use of approved data books permitted) TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Khanna K And Justo C E G, Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, Roorkee, 2001
- 2. Kadiyali l r, Principles and Practice of Highway Engineering, Khanna technical Publications, Delhi, 2000
- 3. Dr K.P.Subramaniyam, Transportation Engineering, Scitech Publishers, Chennai 2003

REFERENCES

- 1. IRC standards, 2002
- 2. Bureau of Indian Standards (bis) publications on highway materials, 1998

3003

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

Total No of Hrs :45



BCE13014

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING - I 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- > To know the basics, importance, and methods of water supply.
- > To study the various sources and properties of water.
- > To understand the various methods of conveyance of water.
- > To know the basics of sewage, types of sewers and sewer material.
- > To learn the features of various sewer appurtenances.

UNIT I : INTRODUCTION

Scope of environmental engineering – role of environmental engineer – environmental impacts of development – sustainable development – environmental pollution – water, air and land.

UNIT II: PLANNING FOR WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS

Public water supply and sewerage systems – objectives – design period – population forecasting – water demand – sources of water – sources selection – water quality – characterization – sources of wastewater – estimation of storm runoff.

UNIT III: WATER TREATMENT

Screening - types of screening - plain sedimentation - sedimentation with coagulation - settling & flotation - filtration - disinfection

UNIT IV: CONVEYANCE SYSTEM AND WATER DISTRIBUTION

Water supply – intake structures - hydraulics of flow in pipes – laying, jointing & testing of pipes – appurtenances - requirements of water distribution – components - service reservoirs – network design – appurtenances – operation and maintenance – leak detection.

UNIT V: WATER SUPPLY AND DRAINAGE IN BUILDINGS

Principles of design of water supply in buildings – house service connection –fixtures and fittings – systems of sanitary plumbing.

Total No of Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Garg, S.K., Environmental Engineering, Vols. II, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1994
- 2. C.S.Shah, Water Supply And Sanitation, Galgotia Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1994

REFERENCES

- 1. Manual on Water Supply And Treatment, Ministry Of Urban Development, Government Of India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Manual on sewerage and sewage treatment, CPHEEO, Ministry Of Urban Development, Government Of India, New Delhi, 1993.
- 3. H.S.Peavy, D.R.Rowe and George Tchobanoglous, Environmental Engineering, Mcgraw-Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1995.

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

B.Tech Civil Engineering – 2013 Regulation



BCE 13015

SOIL MECHANICS

3104

OBJECTIVES:

- > Provide the description and classification of soil and analysis of stresses in soils under different loading conditions ;
- > To develop an understanding of the principles of effective stress in saturated soils, and its application to one dimensional compression and consolidation

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Nature of soil - phase relationships - soil description and classification for engineering purposes - IS classification system - soil compaction - theory, comparison of laboratory and field compaction methods - factors influencing compaction.

UNIT II : SOILWATER AND WATER FLOW

Soil water - static pressure in water - capillary stresses- permeability measurement in the laboratory and field factors influencing permeability of soil - seepage --introduction to flow nets - simple problems.

UNIT III: STRESS DISTRIBUTIONS AND SETTLEMENT

Effective stress concepts in solids - stress distribution in soil media - use of influence charts - components of settlement - factors influencing settlement of soil -immediate and consolidation settlement - Tergazhi's onedimensional consolidation theory - computation of rate of settlement

UNIT IV: SHEARSTRENGTH

Shear strength of cohesive and cohesion less soils - Mohr - Coulomb failure theory - saturated soil mass measurement of shear strength, direct shear - triaxial compression, UU, CU and CD Test.

UNIT V : SLOPESTABILITY

Slope failure mechanisms - types - infinite slopes - finite slopes - total stress analysis for saturated clay -method of slices - friction circle method - use of stability number .

TEXT BOOKS

- V.N.S. Moorthy, "soil mechanics and foundation engineering ", ubs publications and 1. Distribution ltd, New Delhi, 1999.
- Gopal Ranjan and Rao A.S.R., "Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics", 2. Wiley eastern ltd., New Delhi (india), 1997.
- Arora K.R., "soil mechanics and foundation engineering ", standard publishers 3. And distributors, New Delhi, 1997.

REFERENCES

- Holtz R.D. And kovacs W.D., "Introduction to geotechnical engineering ", 1. Prentice-hall, New Delhi, 1995.
- 2. Mccarthy D.F., "Essentials foundations Prentice-Hall, New of soil mechanics and " Delhi, 97.
- Sutten B.H.C., "Solving problems in soil mechanics", Longman group scientific 3. And technical, U.K. England, 1994
- Dass, B.M, "Principles of geotechnical engineering", Thompson books, 4.

B.Tech Civil Engineering – 2013 Regulation

10 Hrs

14 Hrs

13 Hrs

11 Hrs

12 Hrs

Total No of Hours: 60



BCE 13016

IRRIGATION ENGINEERING

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- > The student also shall know the irrigation management practices of the past, present And future.
- The structures involved the elementary hydraulic design of different Structures and the concepts of maintenance shall also form part.
- > Finally, the student shall be in a position to conceive and plan any type of irrigation project.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Irrigation – Need and mode of irrigation – Merits and demerits of irrigation – Crop and crop seasons – consumptive use of water – Duty – Factors affecting duty – Irrigation Efficiencies – Planning and Development of irrigation projects.

UNIT II: IRRIGATION METHODS

Canal irrigation – Lift irrigation – Tank irrigation – Flooding methods – Merits and Demerits – Sprinkler irrigation – Drip irrigation.

UNIT III : DIVERSION AND IMPOUNDING STRUCTURES

Weirs – elementary profile of a weir – weirs on pervious foundations - Types of Impounding structures - Tanks, Sluices and Weirs – Gravity dams – Earth dams – Arch Dams – Spillways – Factors affecting location and type of dams – Forces on a dam – Hydraulic design of dams.

UNIT IV : CANAL IRRIGATION

Alignment of canals – Classification of canals – Canal drops – Hydraulic design of drops – Cross drainage works – Hydraulic design of cross drainage works – Canal Head works – Canal regulators – River Training works.

UNIT V: IRRIGATION WATER MANAGEMENT

Need for optimization of water use – Minimizing irrigation water losses – On farm Development works – Percolation ponds – Participatory irrigation management – Water Users associations – Changing paradigms in water management – Performance evaluation.

Total No of Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Asawa, G.L., "Irrigation Engineering", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2000.
- 2. Sharma, R.K., and Sharma, T.K., "Irrigation Engineering", S.Chand and Company, New Delhi, 2000.

REFERENCES

- 1. Basak, N.N., "Irrigation Engineering", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi, 2000.
- 2. Garg, S.K., "Irrigation Engineering," Laxmi Publications, New Delhi, 1999.
- 3. Gupta, B.L., and Amir Gupta, "Irrigation Engineering", SatyaPraheshan, New Delhi

9 Hrs

8 Hrs

10 Hrs

9 Hrs



BCE13L06

SOIL MECHANICS LAB

 $0\ 0\ 2\ 1$

OBJECTIVES:

- The first aim of this lab course is to illustrate some of the principles taught during the soil mechanics course.
- > Knowledge of laboratory and index testing methods commonly used in.
- ➢ Soil & foundation engineering .
- 1. Specific gravity of soil solids
- 2. Grain size distribution Sieve analysis Hydrometer analysis
- 3. Atterberg limits test Liquid limit, Plastic limit and shrinkage limit tests
- 4. Field density Test
- 5. Determination of moisture Density relationship using standard proctor.
- 6. Permeability determination (constant head and falling head methods)
- 7. Direct shear test on cohesion less soil
- 8. Unconfined compression test in cohesive soil
- 9. Tri axial compression test in cohesion less soil
- 10. Laboratory Vane shear test in cohesive soil
- 11. One dimensional Consolidation test (Determination of coefficient of consolidation only)

Total No of Hrs = 30

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. "Soil Engineering Laboratory Instruction Manual ", Published by the Engineering College Co-operative Society, Chennai, 1996.
- 2. Lambe T.W., "Soil Testing for Engineers", John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1990.

REFERENCE

1. "I.S.Code of Practice (2720) Relevant Parts ", as amended from time to time..



ENVIRONMENTAL AND IRRIGATION ENGINEERING DRAWING BCE 13L07 0021

OBJECTIVES:

- > The purpose of this course is to impart the knowledge about the design of irrigation and environmental engineering structures.
- > To get hand-on experience in drawing of irrigation and environmental engineering structures.

UNIT I: WATER SUPPLY AND TREATMENT

Design & Drawing of flocculator, clarifier - Rapid sand filter - Service reservoirs - Pumping station - House service connection for water supply and drainage.

UNIT II : SEWAGE TREATMENT & DISPOSAL

Design and Drawing of screen chamber - Grit channel - Primary clarifier - Activated sludge process - Aeration tank - Secondary clarifiers - Sludge digester - Sludge drying beds - Waste stabilisation ponds - Septic tanks and disposal arrangements - Manholes.

UNIT III: IMPOUNDING STRUCTURES

Gravity dam, Tank Surplus Weir, Tank Sluice with tower road - Drawing showing plan, Elevation, half section including foundation details.

UNIT IV: CANAL TRANSMISSION STRUCTURES

Aqueducts – Syphon Aqueducts – Super passage – Canal siphon – Canal Drops- Drawing Showing plan, elevation and foundation details.

UNIT V: CANAL REGULATION STRUCTURES

Canal head works- Canal Regulator - Canal escape- Proportional Distributors - Drawing showing detailed plan, elevation and foundation.

TEXT BOOKS

- Modi, P.N., "Environmental Engineering I & II", Standard Book House, Delhi 6 1.
- 2. SathyanarayanaMurthy "Irrigation Design and Drawing" Published by Mrs L.Banumathi, Tuni east Godavari District.A.P. 1998.
- 3. Sharma R.K. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures Oxford and IBH Publishing co., New Delhi 2002.

REFERENCES

- Peary, H.S., ROWE, D.R., Tchobanoglous, G., "Environmental Engineering", McGrawHill Book Co., 1. New Delhi, 1995.
- Metcalf & Eddy, "Wastewater Engineering (Treatment and Reuse)", 4thedition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New 2. Delhi, 2003.
- Garg S.K., "Irrigation Environmental Engineering and design StructuresI", Khanna 3. Publishers, New Delhi, 17th Reprint, 2003.
- Manual on Water Supply and Treatment, CPHEEO, Government of India, New Delhi, 1999 4.
- Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment, CPHEEO, Government of India, New Delhi, 5.

Total No of Hours: 30

B.Tech Civil Engineering – 2013 Regulation

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs



BCE13L08

SURVEY CAMP

0021

OBJECTIVES:

- ➢ Civil Engineers as to be proficient in all methods of surveying practical solution.
- > It preparation of horizontal and vertical distance measurement by contour lines.
- The effect of surveying in action on the ability of the students to become good practical Engineering in depth.
- 1. Three weeks survey camp using Theodolite, cross staff, leveling staff, tapes and Plane table
 - (i) Triangulation
 - (ii) Trilateration
 - (iii) Star observation to determine azimuth
 - (iv) Rectangulation

* Will be accommodated during preceding winter vacation

Total :30

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Bannister A. and Raymond S., "Surveying ", ELBS, Pune, Sixth Edition, 1992.
- 2. Heribert Kahmen and Wolfgang Faig, "Surverying ", Walter de Gruyter, 1995.
- 3. Kanetkar T.P., " Surveying and Levelling ", Vols. I and II, United Book Corporation, Pune, 1994.
- 4. Punmia B.C., "Surveying ", Vols. I, II and III, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi, 1999

REFERENCES

- 1. Clark D., " Plane and Geodetic Surveying ", Vols. I and II, C.B.S. Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, sixth Edition, 1971.
- 2. James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, "Introduction to Surveying ", McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1985.
- 3. Wolf P.R. " Elements of Photogrammetry", McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1988



BEN13L02CAREER AND CONFIDENCE BUILDING (SOFT SKILLS II)2002

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- > The purpose of this is to build confidence and inculcate various Soft skills and to help students to identify and achieve their personal potential.
- > At the end of this training program the participant will be able to.

Explain the concept problem solving

- Outline the basic steps in problem solving.
- List out the key elements
- Explain the use of tools and techniques in problem solving.
- Discuss the personality types and problem solving techniques.
- By adapting different thinking styles in group and lean environment.
- Recognizing and removing barriers to thinking in challenging situations.
- Make better decision through critical thinking and creative problem solving.

METHODOLOGY

The entire program is designed in such a way that every student will participate in the class room activities. The activities are planned to bring out the skills and talent of the students which they will be employing during various in their real life.

- Group activities + individual activities
- Collaborative learning
- Interactive sessions
- Ensure Participation
- Empirical learning

UNIT -I

Self Introduction – Narration – Current News Update – Numbers – Height & Distance – Square & Cube Roots

UNIT – II

Current Tech Update – Verbal Aptitude Test I – GD – I – Odd man out series – Permutation & Combination – problems on ages.

UNIT –III

GD-II – Resume Writing – Mock Interview I/reading comprehension

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Mock Interview II/reading comprehension – Mock Interview III/reading comprehension – GD – III – Ratio & Proportion – Clocks – H.C.F. & L.C.M

UNIT – V

GD-IV - Verbal Aptitude Test II - Review - Partnership - Puzzles - Test



TEXT BOOKS

- Pushpalata and Sanjay Kumar, "Communicate or Collapse: A Handbook of Effective Public Speaking". Group Discussion and Interviews. Prentice – Hall, Delhi, 2007
- 2. Thorpe, Edgar, "Course in Mental Ability and Quantitative Aptitude", Tata McGraw Hill, 2003
- 3. Thorpe, Edgar, "Test of Reasoning", Tata McGraw Hill,2003

REFERENCES

- 1. Prasad, H.M," How to prepare for Group Discussion and Interview", Tata McGraw Hill, 2001
- 2. "Career Press Editors. 101 Great Resumes", Jaico Publishing House, 2003
- 3. Agarwal, R.S,"A Modern Approach to Verbal Non-Verbal Reasoning", S.Chand & Co., 2004
- 4. Misra Sunita and Muralikrishna, "Communication Skills for Engineers", Pearson Education, First Edition, 2004.



BCE13017

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS II 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- > To extend the concepts taught in Structural Analysis I (Determinate to indeterminate structures. Structures).
- Structures subject to this type of analysis include all that must withstand loads, such as buildings.

UNIT I: ARCHES

Arches structural forms – Examples of arch structures – Types of arches – Analysis of three hinged, two hinged and fixed arches, parabolic and circular arches – Settlement and temperature effects

UNIT II: SUSPENSION BRIDGES

Analysis of suspension bridges – Un stiffened cables and cables with three hinged stiffening girders – Influence lines for three hinged stiffening girders.

UNIT III: SPACE STRUCTURES

Introduction to analysis of space trusses using method of tension coefficients - Beams curved in plan.

UNIT IV: PLASTIC ANALYSIS OF STRUCTURES

Statically indeterminate axial problems – Beams in pure bending – Plastic moment of resistance – Plastic modulus – Shape factor – Load factor – Plastic hinge and mechanism – Plastic analysis of indeterminate beams and frames – Upper and lower bound theorems.

UNIT V: MOVING LOADS AND INFLUENCE LINES (DETERMINATE)

Influence lines for reactions in statically determinate structures – influence lines for member forces in pin jointed frames – Influence lines for shear force and bending moment in beam sections

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Vazirani V.N & Ratwani, "Analysis of structures" Khanna publishers , Delhi
- 2. G.S Pandit & S.P Gupta, Structural analysis A Matrix Approach-Tata McGraw Hill. 1997, New Delhi,
- 3. Matrix analysis of framed structures William Weaver, Jr & James M.Gere, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi, 1995
- 4. Bhavikatti S.S Structural Analysis Vol 1 and vol.2, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd New Delhi

REFERENCES

- 1. Manicka Selvam V.K.,Elementary Matrix Analysis of Structures, Khanna Publishers,Mumbai,1990.
- 2. Coates R.C., Coutie M.G. and Kong F.K., Structural Analysis, ELBS and Nelson, Newjersey, 1990

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

12 Hrs ces in pin jointe

Total No of Hours: 60



BCE13018	DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES – II	3104
OBJECTIVE: ➤ To bring about an ex Understand design me	xposure to advanced topics in structural design comprising of RCC streethods of specialized components of RCC structures.	uctures and
UNIT I : RETAINING WAL Design of retaining walls – can	LS tilever and counter fort.	12 Hrs
UNIT II : SELECTED TOP Introduction to ductile detailin Corbels –Design of Grid Floors	ICS g & provisions of IS 13920 - Design of Staircases - Design of flat slabs s.	12 Hrs - Design Of
UNIT III: WATER TANKS Design of circular and rectangu	lar water tanks resting on ground.Design of staging and foundations.	12 Hrs
UNIT IV : YIELD LINE TH Application of virtual work me	EORY. thod to square, rectangular, circular and triangular slabs.	12 Hrs
UNIT V BRICK MASONRY Design of masonry walls, pillar	T and footings as per NBC and I.S.codes.	12 Hrs
*Note: (Use of approved da	ta books permitted) Total No of Hours :	60
TEXT BOOKS		

- Varghese P C, Limit State Design of Reinforced Concrete, Prentice Hal of India, Private, Limited New Delhi, 1997
- 2. Krishna Raju N. Design of RC structures, CBS Publishers and distributors, New Delhi, 1995.
- 3. S.Ramamrudham, Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures, Dhanpat Rai publishing company(p) Ltd New Delhi.
- 4. Dayarathnam.P, Brick and Reinforced Brick Structures, Oxford and IBH Publishing House, 1999.

REFERENCES

- 1. Mallick and Gupta, Reinforced Concrete Design, Oxford and IBH, Delhi, 1997
- 2. Design Aides to IS 456-1978 (SP-16)
- 3. Code of Practice for Plain and Reinforced Concrete IS456-2000.


BCE13019

TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING - II

3003

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

Total No of Hours: 45

OBJECTIVES:

- > To understand the aspects of design, construction and maintenance of railway tracks for the safe and efficient movement of public and goods.
- To have an overall knowledge of the design and construction of airport, docks, harbors and ports as a whole.

UNIT I: PLANNING AND DESIGN FOR RAILWAY

Role of Indian railways in national development. Engineering survey for track alignment. Permanent way, its components and functions of each component, gauges in railway tracks. Coning of wheels. Geometric design of railway tracks – gradient, super-elevation, widening of gauges in curves, transition curves, vertical curves and grade compensation (derivations of formulae and problems)

UNIT II: CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION TRACKS

Points and crossings, signaling, interlocking and track circuiting, construction and maintenance – conventional and modern methods (remote sensing, gis & gps) for railway alignment, track construction, maintenance and materials - track drainage. Lay outs of railway stations and yards

UNIT III: AIRPORT PLANNING AND DESIGN

Airport planning, components of airports, airport site selection Runway design- orientation, geometric design and correction for gradients Terminal area, airport layout, airport buildings, passenger facilities, parking area and airport zoning

UNIT IV: HARBOUR ENGINEERING & OTHER MODES OF TRANSPORT

Definition of terms - harbors, ports, docks, tides and waves. Harbors – requirements, classification – site investigation for locations, planning and layouts concept of satellite ports. Terminal facilities – port buildings, warehouse, transit sheds, inter-modal transfer facilities, mooring accessories, navigational aids coastal structurespiers, breakwaters, wharves, jetties, quays, spring fenders coastal shipping, inland water transport and container transportation. Pipe ways, rope ways

UNIT V : ECONOMIC EVALUATION OF TRANSPORT PROJECTS

Evaluation of highway and railway projects- cost benefit analysis (benefit cost ratio, net present value, international rate of returns (problems) environmental impact assessment, financial appraisal build, operate and transfer for highway and railway projects (basic concepts only)

*Note: (Use of approved data books permitted) TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Saxena Subhash C and Satyapal Arora, A Course In Railway Engineering, Dhanpat Rai And Sons, Delhi, 1998.
- 2. Khanna S K, Arora M G and Jain S S, Airport Planning And Design, Nemchand And Brothers, Roorkee, 1994.

REFERENCES

1. Rangwala, Railway Engineering, Charotar Publishing House, Mumbai, 1995.



Dr.M.G.R Educational and Research Institute Univeristy (Decl. U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956) DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING

3003

OBJECTIVE:

This programme in Water Resources Engineering and Management aims at producing engineers and scientists with up-to-date knowledge in the field of water resources, hydrology, hydraulics, river basin management, financial management; and water policy and law.

UNIT I : GENERAL

Water Resources Survey - Water ResourceS of India and Tamilnadu - Description of Water Resources Planning - Economics of W.R.Planning - Physical and Socio - economic data - National water Policy - Tamil nadu State Water Policy - Collection of meteorological and hydrological data for water resources development.

UNIT II: NETWORK DESIGN

Hydrologic measurement – Analysis of hydrologic data - Hydrologic station network - Station network design - Statistical techniques in network design.

UNIT III : WATER RESOURCE NEEDS

Consumptive and non-consuptive water use - Estimation of water requirements for irrigation, for drinking and navigation - Water characteristics and quality – Scope and aims of master plan - Concept of basin as a unit for development - Water budget and development plan.

UNIT IV: RESERVOIR PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT

Reservoir - Single and multipurpose - Multiobjective - Fixation of Storage capacity -Strategies for reservoir operation - Sedimentation of reservoirs - Design flood - Levees and flood walls - Channel improvement.

UNIT V: ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

Estimation of cost and Evaluation of Benefits - Discount rate - Discounting factors - Discounting techniques - Computer Application.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Linsley R.K. and Franzini J.B, Water Resources Engineering, McGraw Hill Inc, 2000. New Delhi
- 2. Douglas J.L. and Lee R.R., Economics of Water Resources Planning, Tata McGraw Hill Inc.2000. New Delhi

REFERENCES

- Chaturvedi M.C., Water Resources Systems Planning and Management, Tata McGraw Hill Inc., New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. Goodman Alvin S., Principles of Water Resources Planning, Prentice-Hall, 1984. New Delhi
- 3. Maass et al. Design of Water Resources Systems, Macmillan, 1968. New Delhi

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

Total No of Hours: 45



BCE13021

ENIVRONMENTAL ENGINEERING - II 3003

OBJECTIVE:

> To provide students with sufficient knowledge in fundamental theory and design of conventional wastewater treatment facilities followed by the principles used to design advanced wastewater treatments.

UNIT I: WATER TREATMENT

Objectives – unit operations and processes – principles, functions and design of flash mixers, flocculates, sedimentation tanks and sand filters – disinfect ion – aeration – iron and manganese removal, defluoridation and demineralization – water softening.

UNIT II: SEWAGE TREATMENT – PRIMARY TREATMENT

Objectives – unit operations & processes – principles, functions and design of screen, grit chambers and primary sedimentation tanks.

UNIT III : SEWAGE TREATMENT – SECONDARY TREATMENT 7 Hrs

Secondary treatment – activated sludge process and trickling filter; other treatment methods – stabilization ponds and septic tanks – advances in sewage treatment.

UNIT IV: SEWAGE DISPOSAL AND SLUDGE MANAGEMENT

Methods – dilution – self purification of surface water bodies – oxygen sag curve – land disposal – sewage farming – deep well injection – soil dispersion system. Thickening – sludge digestion – biogas recovery - drying beds – conditioning and dewatering – sludge disposal.

UNIT V: ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING DESIGN AND DRAWING

Water treatment – typical layouts – flash mixer – clariflocculator – slow sand and rapid sand filters sewage treatment – typical layouts – screens – grit chamber – sedimentation tanks – trickling filter – activated sludge plant – septic tank – soil dispersion system – waste stabilization pond and sludge drying bed.

Total No of Hours: 45

7 Hrs

7 Hrs

15 Hrs

9 Hrs

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Garg S.K., Environmental Engineering, Vols. II, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1994
- 2. C.S.Shah, Water Supply And Sanitation, Galgotia Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1994

REFERENCES

- 1. Manual on water supply and treatment, cpheeo, Ministry Of Urban Development, Government Of India, New Delhi, 1999
- 2. Manual on sewerage and sewage treatment, cpheeo, Ministry Of Urban Development, Government Of India, New Delhi, 1993.

FOUNDATION ENGINEERING

BCE13022 OBJECTIVE:

At the end of this course student acquires the capacity to investigate the soil condition and to design suitable foundation.

UNIT I: SOIL EXPLORATION

Scope and objectives – method of exploration – angering and boring – wash boring and rotary drilling – depth of boring – spacing of bore hole - sampling –representative and undisturbed - sampling – sampling techniques –split spoon sampler, thin tube sampler, stationary piston sampler - bore log and report – penetration tests (spt and scpt).

UNIT II : SHALLOW FOUNDATION

Introduction – location and depth of foundation – codal provisions – bearing capacity of shallow foundation on homogeneous deposits – terzaghi's formula and bis formula – factors affecting bearing capacity – problems- bearing capacity from in situ tests(spt, scpt and plate load) allowable bearing pressure – components of settlement – determination of settlement of foundation on granular and clay deposit – total and differential settlement – allowable settlement – codal provisions .

UNIT III : FOOTINGS AND RAFTS

Types of foundation – contact pressure distribution below footings, design of footings, Isolated footing, combined footings ,mat foundation - types - Applications-proportioning- floating foundation .

UNIT IV : PILE FOUNDATION

Types of piles and their function – factors influencing the selection of pile – carrying capacity of single pile in granular and cohesive soils – static formulae - dynamic formulae (engineering news and hiley's) – capacity from insitu tests (spt and scpt) – negative skin friction - uplift capacity – group capacity by different methods(feld's rule, converse-labarra formula and block failure criterion) – settlement of pile groups – interpretation of pile load test(routine test only) – forces on pile caps – under reamed piles – capacity under compression and uplift .

UNIT V: RETAINING WALLS

Plastic equilibrium in soils – active and passive states – rankine's theory – cohesionless, effect of water table and cohesive soil - coloumb's wedge theory – condition for critical failure plane - earth pressure on retaining walls of simple configurations – graphical methods (rebhann and culmann's method)– stability analysis of retaining walls.

*Note: (Use of approved data books permitted)

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Arora, k.r. Soil Mechanics And Foundation Engineering, Standard Publishers And Distributors, New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. Gopal Ranjan and Rao, A.S.R. Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi (India), 1997.
- 3. V.N.S. Moorthy, " Soil Mechanics And Foundation Engineering ", Ubs Publications And Distribution Ltd, New Delhi, 1999.

REFERENCES

- 1. Bowles J.E. Foundation Analysis And Design, McGraw hill, 1994.
- 2. Dass, B.M, "Principles Of Geotechnical Engineering", Thompson Books, Singapore, 5th edition, 2003
- 3. Kaniraj, S.R," Design Aids In Soil Mechanics And Foundation Engineering", Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd , New Delhi ,2002
- 4. Swamisaran, "Analysis And Design Of Structures Limit State Design", Oxford Ibh Publishing Co Pvt Ltd. New delhi , 1998



3003

9 Hrs

: 45

Total No of Hours

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs



BCE13L09

TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING LAB 0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVE:

> The objectives of these laboratory experiments are to determine specific gravity (bulk and apparent), absorption capacity, and fineness modulus of a fine aggregate sample and to plot a gradation curve for the sample.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. CBR Test of Given soil sample.
- 2. Grading Of aggregates.
- 3. Water Absorption Test on aggregates
- 4. Abrasion test on aggregates.
- 5. Impact Test On aggregates
- 6. Bitumen tests
- 7. Benklemann Beam apparatus.

Total No of Hours: 30

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Saxena Subhash C and Satyapal Arora, A Course In Railway Engineering, Dhanpat Rai And Sons, Delhi, 1998.
- 2. Khanna S K, Arora M G and Jain S S, Airport Planning And Design, Nemchand And Brothers, Roorkee, 1994.

REFERENCES

1. Rangwala, Railway Engineering, Charotar Publishing House, Mumbai, 1995.



BCE13L10 ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY 0021

OBJECTIVES:

- > To analyze water and sewage volumetrically and using certain equipments.
- > To learn to prepare reagents for each experiment.
- > To get hand-on experience in the operation of equipments like pH meter, TDS meter, turbidity meter, etc.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. a) Determine of pH.
- b) Determination of Turbidity.
- 2. Determination of Hardness.
- 3. Determination of Alkalinity.
- 4. Determination of Residual Chlorine.
- 5. Estimation of Chlorides.
- 6. Estimation of Ammonia Nitrogen.
- 7. Estimation of Sulphate.
- 8. Determination of optimum coagulant dose.
- 9. Determination of specific conductivity.
- 10. Estimation of available chlorine in Bleaching Powder.
- 11. Determination of dissolved Oxygen.
- 12. Determination of suspended settleable, volatile and fixed solids.]
- 13. B.O.D. Test.
- 14. C.O.D. Test.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Trivedi and Goel - Chemical and biological methods for water pollution studies. New Delhi,2000

Total No of Hours: 30

REFERENCES

- 1. A course Manual Water and wastewater analysis. National Environmental Engineering Research Institute. Nagpur – publication.
- 2. Standard Methods for Examination of water and Waste water APHa, AWWA and WPCF, 1985 Edition.



BCE 13023 ESTIMATION AND QUANTITY SURVEYING

OBJECTIVES:

- > To study the functional planning of buildings as per standards.
- > To study the estimate types and terms involved in estimation.
- > To study the important specifications necessary for the works in buildings.
- > To study the concepts of tenders and contracts.

UNIT I: ESTIMATION

Types of estimates- units of measurements-methods of estimates – advantages- estimation of load bearing and framed structures –estimate of quantities in residential building- calculation of quantities of brick work, RCC, PCC, white washing ,color washing and painting / varnishing – calculation of brick work and RCC works in arches – estimate of joineries for paneled and glazed doors ,windows, ventilators, handrails etc.

UNIT II: ESTIMATE OF OTHER STRUCTURES

Estimating of septic tank, soak pit – Sanitary and water supply installations – Water supply pipe line – Sewer line – Tube well – Open well – Estimate of bituminous and cement concrete roads.

UNIT III: SPECIFICATIONS AND TENDERS

Data -schedule of rates- analysis of rates-specifications-sources-detailed and general specifications - tenderscontracts- type of contracts - arbitration

UNIT IV: VALUATION

Necessity – basics of value engineering –capitalized value – depreciation and its methods – escalation _ value of building – calculation of standard rent – mortgage- lease.

UNIT V: REPORT PREPARATION AND CASH FLOW

Principle of report preparation – report on estimate of residential building- culvert – roads – water supply and sanitary installations – tube wells – open wells. Introduction to cash flow–tools and techniques – cost control in construction project.

Total No of Hrs = 45

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Estimating And Costing In Civil Engineering B.N.Dutta, S.Dutta & Company, Lucknow, 1997.
- 2. Practical Valuation Vol I Mr. B.Kanagasabapathy, M/S. Ehilalarasi Kanagasabapathy, Thiruchirappalli, 1995.

REFERENCES

- 1. A Text Book On Estimating And Costing G.S.Birdie Dhanpat Rai And Sons, New Delhi, 1995.
- 2. Fixation of Fair Rent Mr. B.Kanagasabapathy, M/S. Ehilalarasi Kanagasabapathy, Thiruchirappalli, 1995.

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs



Dr.M.G.R Educational and Research Institute Univeristy (Decl. U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956) DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES

OBJECTIVES:

- > To introduce the student to material behaviour and Load and Resistance Factor Design methodology.
- > To design and analyze tension members.
- > To design and analyze compressive members.
- ➢ To design and analyze beams.
- > To design and analyze connections.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Type of steel structures- properties of rolled steel sections- allowable stresses in steel. Requirements of structural design –steps involved in design-load analysis-types of load- Applicable codes for load estimation- load combination-general design requirements of a steel structure-increase in allowable stresses- light gauge steel as a structural material- uses-and application-applicable IS codes for light gauge steel.

UNIT II : CONNECTIONS

Riveted and bolted connections-failure of joints-simple and multiple riveted lap and butt joints under axial loading –strength of fillet weld and butt welded joints- design of brackets, design of riveted and welded joints for systems subjected to moment in the plane of joints and moment acting at right angles to the plane of joints- design of joints between beam connected to flange of column-secondary beam connected to web of main beam-beam column connection using seat connections-moment resisting connections

UNIT III: TENSION AND COMPRESSION

Design of simple and built up members subjected to tension-effective area of angles connected to gussetmaximum slenderness ratio of compression members-IS code provisions of compression members-design of simple and built up compression members with lacing and battens- design of column bases – all design based on working stress method.

UNIT IV : BEAMS

Design of simple beams based on strength and stiffness as per IS code- design of built up beams and curtailment of flange plates-connection of flange plate and beams-design of plate girder-design of beam column as per IS code- All design based on working stress method.

UNIT V: TIMBER

Study of property of natural timber-allowable stresses in compression tension and flexure-types of joints with nails and bolts-design of simple compression members-design of beams for strength and stiffness as per IS codes.

*Note: (Use of approved data books permitted) TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Ramachandra, Design of Steel structures Vol.1 & II Standard Book House, New Delhi 1992
- 2. B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain, Comprehensive Design of Steel Structures, Laxmi Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. V.N Vazirani and M.M Ratwani, Design of Steel Structures, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi 1995.

REFERENCES

- 1. P. Dayaratnam, Design of Steel Structures, A H Wheeler & Co., New Delhi 1999
- 2. "Design of Steel Structures: Theory and Practice", N. Subramaniam, Oxford University Press, USA.

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

3104

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

Total No of Hours: 60





BCE13025

PRE STRESSED CONCRETE STRUCTURES

OBJECTIVES:

- > Prestressing methods, principles and concepts are essential for the basic concept of the subject Analysis of prestress and the resultant stresses using different concepts is dealt here.
- Determination of losses in concrete & Anchorage zone stresses in end block can be brought out using IS \geq method.

UNIT I : INTRODUCTION - THEORY AND BEHAVIOUR

Basic concepts - Advantages - Materials required - Systems and methods of pre -stressing - Analysis of sections -Stress concept - Strength concept - Load balancing concept - Effect of loading on the tensile stresses in tendons -Effect on tendon profile on deflections - Factors influencing deflections - Calculation of deflections - Short term and long term deflections - Losses of pre-stress - Estimation of crack width

UNIT II: DESIGN

Flexural strength - Simplified procedures as per codes - strain compatibility method - Basic concepts in selection of cross section for bending - stress distribution in end block, Design of anchorage zone reinforcement -Limit state design criteria – Partial prestressing – Applications.

UNIT III: CIRCULAR PRESTRESSING

General features & Design of prestressed concrete tanks - Prestressed concrete Poles, Shapes, Features & Design- Prestressed concrete sleepers – Development – Types- Design, Static & dynamic loads.

UNIT IV : COMPOSITE CONSTRUCTION

Analysis for stresses – Estimate for deflections – Flexural and shear strength of composite members

UNIT V : PRE-STRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGES

General aspects - pretension prestressed bridge decks - Post tensioned prestressed bridge decks -Advantages over R.C.C bridges – Design Principles of post tensioned prestressed concrete slab bridge deck, T Beam slab bridge deck & Continuous two span beam deck.

Total No of Hours: 45

*Note: (Use of approved data books permitted)

TEXT BOOKS

- Krishna Raju N., Prestressed concrete, Tata McGraw Hill Company, New Delhi, 2011 1.
- 2. Mallic S.K. and Gupta A.P., Prestressed concrete, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.Pvt. Ltd. 1997.
- 3. Rajagopalan.N, Prestressed Concrete, Alpha Science, 2002.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ramaswamy G.S., Modern Prestressed Concrete Design, Arnold Heinimen, New Delhi, 1990
- 2. Lin T.Y. Design of prestressed concrete structures, Asia Publishing House, Bombay 1995.

9 Hrs

3003

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9Hrs



BCE13026

CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT 3003

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

Total No of Hours: 45

OBJECTIVES:

- \blacktriangleright To make the students aware of the various construction techniques and practices.
- > To impart knowledge about different methods of planning.
- > To introduce a concepts of projects formulation.

UNIT I: CONSTRUCTION PLANNING

Basic Concepts In The Development Of Construction Plan – Choice Of Technology And Construction Method – Defining Work Tasks – Definition – Precedence Relationships Among Activities – Estimating Activity Duration – Estimating Resource Requirements For Work Activities

UNIT II : APPLICATION OF PERT AND CPM IN CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT 9 Hrs

Introduction – Advantages of Network analysis – Activity and event oriented Network Calculation of Critical Path Scheduling - Comparison Between PERT And CPM –Activity Float and Schedules — Improving the Scheduling Process.

UNIT III: COST CONTROL MONITORING AND ACCOUNTING

Cost Control - Project appraisal – Concept of payback Period – Financial accounting system and Cost accounts – Crashing and time Cost tradeoffs - Schedule and budget updates.

UNIT IV : QUALITY CONTROL AND SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION

Importance of Quality and Safety – Organizing for Quality and Safety – Safety measures – Prevention of fire at Construction Site – Elements of Quality – Organization of Quality Control – Quality assurance techniques

UNIT V MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM IN CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY 9 Hrs

Definition of MIS – Requirements of MIS – Data Base approach – Benefits of database and application Programs - Types of project information – Accuracy and use of information.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Chitkara, K.K "Construction Project Management Planning "Scheduling And Control, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co., Newdelhi, 1998.
- 2. S. Seetharaman Construction Engineering & Management, Dhanpat Rai Publications ,Pune,1995.

REFEREFCES

- 1. Construction Management Sangareddy And Meyyappan, Prathibha Publications, Cbe, 1994.
- 2. Moder. J., C. Phillips And Davis, "Project Management With Cpm, Pert And Precedence Diagramming, 1999.
- 1. Prasanna Chandra, " Project Management ", Tmh ,New Delhi,1997.



BCE13L12

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DESIGN LAB 0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVES:

- Concurrent Engineering based user environment for model development, analysis, design, visualization and verification.
- > The course covers the complete analysis and design of RCC structures.
- 1. Introduction to staad pro Joint, Member/Element, Mesh Generation with flexible user-controlled numbering
- 2. Analyse and design any beam with any loading type and any kind of supports.
- 3. Analyse and design of any 2D Frame with any loading type for any load sets.
- 4. Portal frame with 5 load combinations- Analysis
- 5. Analysis of beam with moving load
- 6. Analyse steel structures with truss elements.

Total No of Hours: 30

TEXT BOOKS

- Structural design and drawing (Reinforced Concrete and Steel)-N. Krishna Raju, University publishers 3rd Edn, 2009.
- 2. Design Of Steel Structures- B.C.Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun kumar Jain , Lakshmi Publications Pvt Ltd, 1999.

REFERENCES

- 1. Krishnamoorthy D- Structural Design and drawing Vol II CBS Publishers and distributors Delhi 1990.
- 2. Krishnamoorthy D- Structural Design and drawing Vol III (steel structures) CBS Publishers and Distributors Delhi 1990.



BCE13L13ADVANCED CONCRETE LAB0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVE :

> To determine the appropriate mix proportion of normal concrete at specified properties and to prepare the specimens for future testing.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

CEMENT:	8 Hrs
1. Test for fineness	
2. Test for setting times including normal consistency test	
3. Mortar cube preparation and testing	
AGGREGATES	8 Hrs
1. Sieve analysis test - Grade Curves	
2. Crushing Value - Test	
3. Test on Aggregates - Los Angeles Abrasive Testing Machine	
CONCRETE:	14Hrs
1. Cube	
2. Compression test	
3. Tension test of concrete - cylinder split test	
4. Flexural test on concrete specimen	
5. Test using Vee Bee consistometer	
6. Compaction factor test	
7. Mix design using test parameters and assessing the strength of concrete	

Total No of Hours: 30

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Neville, A.M., Properties of Concrete, Pitman Publishing Limited, London.
- 2. Shetty M.S., Concrete Technology, S.Chand and Company Ltd. Delhi.

REFERENCES

- 1. Rudhani G., Light Weight Concrete Academic Kiado, Publishing Home of Hungarian Academy of Sciences, New Delhi 1963.
- 2. SanthaKumar A.R.Oxford university press.



BCE13L14

DESIGN PROJECT WORK

0001

OBJECTIVE:

- To guide the students such a way that the students carry out a comprehensive work on the chosen topic which will stand them in good stead as they face real life situations
- The objective of project work is to enable the students to work in convenient groups of not more than four members in a group on a project involving theoretical and experimental studies related to civil engineering. Every project work shall have a guide who is a member of the faculty of the university.
- Each student shall finally produce a comprehensive report covering background information, literature survey, problem statement, project work details and conclusions. This final report shall be typewritten form as specified in the guidelines.
- The continuous assessment and semester evaluation may be carried out as specified in the guidelines to be issued from time to time.



BCE13027 STRUCTURAL DYNAMICS AND EARTH QUAKE ENGINEERING 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- > To develop systematically from basic principles of structural dynamics the characteristic of dynamic behavior of the structure, namely, response spectrum.
- To expose important aspects of various theories of cause of earthquake and measurement of its effects on the structure as loads.

UNIT I: SINGLE DEGREE OF FREEDOM SYSTEMS

Systems with single degree of freedom - Equation of motion - Analysis of free vibrations Response for harmonic, impulsive, periodic and general dynamic loading - free and forced vibration- response of multi degree of freedom - damped and undamped systems - evaluation of natural frequencies and modes by modal method - Base excited systems - Concepts of spectral quantities and response spectrum.

UNIT II: INTRODUCTION TO EARTH QUAKE ENGINEERING

Elements of engineering seismology- characteristics of earth quake – History of Earthquakes – Indian and world seismicity – Inference from structural failure due to earthquake.

UNIT III: BASICS OF SEISMIC DESIGN

Concept of Earth quake resistant design- Provisions of seismic code IS-1893 (part I)- 2002- aspects in planning and layout – Structual Systems – Choice of materials – ductility based design – Load estimation methods - seismic coefficient - Response spectrum methods.

UNIT IV : DESIGN AND DETAILING

Determination of Design forces and drift in water tanks and multistoried buildings sensitive to earthquakes – Shear wall design and detailing.

UNIT V : SPECIAL CONCEPTS

Repair and rehabilitation techniques – Passive and Active control of vibration – New and favourable materials – case studies in repair and rehabilitation.

Total No of Hours: 60

*Note: (Use of approved data books permitted)

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Mario Paz, structural dynamics- theory and computations, Third Editions CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1990.
- 2. Anil K Chopra, Dynamics Of Structures- Theory and applications to Earth quake engineering, Prentice hall inc, 2001

REFERENCE

 Minoru Wakabayashi, Design of earth quake resistant buildings, McGraw- Hill book company, New York 1986

B.Tech Civil Engineering – 2013 Regulation

12 Hrs

12 Hrs

12 Hrs



BMG13001

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

3003

OBJECTIVE:

This Code of Ethics provides guidance for car sharing organizations by establishing shared expectations and professional business While this Code of Ethics establishes objectives for the signatories' businesses, it does not dictate how these objectives should be reached, leaving those decisions up to each signatory to best operate in each of our communities.

UNIT I : ENGINEERING ETHICS

Senses of engineering ethics – variety of moral issues – types of inquiry – moral dilemmas. Moral autonomy – kohlberg's theory – gilligan's theory – consensus and controversy – professions and professionalism – professional ideals and virtues – theories about right action – self-interest – customs and religion – use of ethical theories

UNIT II : ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION

Engineering as experimentation – engineers as responsible experimenters – codes of ethics – a balanced outlook on law – the challenger case study.

UNIT III : ENGINEER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAFETY

Safety and risk – assessment of safety and risk – risk benefit analysis – reducing risk – the three mile island and chernobyl case studies

UNIT IV: RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS

Collegiality and loyalty – respect for authority – collective bargaining – confidentiality – conflicts of interest – occupational crime – professional rights – employee rights – discrimination.

UNIT V : GLOBAL ISSUES

Multinational corporations – environmental ethics – computer ethics – weapons development – engineers as managers – consulting engineers – engineers as expert witnesses and advisors – moral leadership – sample code of conduct.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Mike martin and Roland Schinzinger, Ethics In Engineering, McGraw hill, New York, 1996
- 2. Charles D Fledderman, engineering ethics, prentice hall, New Mexico, 1999

REFERENCES

- 1. Laura Schlesinger, How Could You Do That: The Abdication Of Character, Courage, And Conscience, Harper Collins, new york, 1996.
- 2. Stephen Carter, Integrity, Basic Books, new york 1996.
- 3. Tom Rusk, The Power Of Ethical Persuasion: From Conflict To Partnership At Work And In Private Life, Viking, New York, 1996

9Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

Total No of Hours : 45



BMG13002

TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- Meeting the customer's requirements is the primary objective and the key to organisational survival and growth.
- > The second objective of TQM is continuous improvement of quality.
- > The management should stimulate the employees in becoming increasingly competent and creative.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Definition of quality, dimensions of quality, quality planning, quality costs – analysis techniques for quality costs, basic concepts of total quality management, historical review, principles of TQM, leadership – concepts, role of senior management. Quality council, quality statements, strategic planning, Deming philosophy, BARRIEs to TQM implementation.

UNIT II: TQM PRINCIPLES

Customer satisfaction – customer perception of quality, customer complaints, service quality, customer retention, employee involvement – motivation, empowerment, teams, recognition and reward, performance appraisal, benefits, continuous process improvement – juran trilogy, pdsa cycle, 5s, kaizen, supplier partnership – partnering, sourcing, supplier selection, supplier rating, relationship development, performance measures – basic concepts, strategy, performance measure.

UNIT III: STATISTICAL PROCESS CONTROL (SPC)

The seven tools of quality, statistical fundamentals – measures of central tendency and dispersion, population and sample, normal curve, control charts for variables and attributes, process capability, concept of six sigma, new seven management tools.

UNIT IV: TQM TOOLS

TEXT BOOK

Benchmarking – reasons to benchmark, benchmarking process, quality function deployment (QFD) – house of quality, QFD process, benefits, taguchi quality loss function, total productive maintenance (TPM) – concept, improvement needs, FMEA – stages of FMEA.

UNIT V: QUALITY SYSTEMS

Need for iso 9000 and other quality systems, iso 9000:2000 quality system – elements, implementation of quality system, documentation, quality auditing, qs 9000, iso 14000 – concept, requirements and benefits.

Total No of Hours : 45

1. Dale h. Besterfiled, et at., Total Quality Management, Pearson Education Asia, 1999. (Indian Reprint 2002). **REFERENCES**

- 1. James R. Evans & William M.Sidsay, The Management And Control Of Quality, (5th edition), South Western (Thomson Learning), 2002 (isbn 0 324 06680 5)
- 2. Feigenbaum.A.V. "Total Quality Management, Mcgraw Hill, 1991.
- 3. Oakland.J.S. "Total Quality Management Butterworth Heinemann Ltd., Oxford. 1989.
- 4. Narayana V. And Sreenivasan, N.S. Quality management Concepts And Tasks, New Age International 1996.
- 5. Zeiri. "Total Quality Management For Engineers Wood Head Publishers, 1991.

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs



BCE13L15

PROJECT WORK

0 0 14 9

OBJECTIVES:

- The objective of project work is to enable the students to work in convenient groups of not more than four members in a group on a project involving theoretical and experimental studies related to civil engineering.
- > Every project work shall have a guide who is a member of the faculty of the university.

Twelve periods per week shall be allotted in the time table for this important activity and this time shall be utilized by the students to receive directions from the guide, on library reading, laboratory work, computer analysis or field work as assigned by the guide and also to present in periodical seminars the progress made in the project. Each student shall finally produce a comprehensive report covering background information, literature survey, problem statement, project work details and conclusions. This final report shall be typewritten form as specified in the guidelines. The continuous assessment and semester evaluation may be carried out as specified in the guidelines to be issued from time to time.



BCE13E01

TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AND SYSTEMS 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- > To study in details about roads, railways, airways and waterways.
- > To study railway track construction and operation.
- > To know about the fundamentals of airways.
- > To know about the fundamentals of harbour and decks.

UNIT I: STUDY AREA AND SURVEYS

Importance of planning for Integrated transport facilities in urban areas - Delineation of study area and zoning - Conducting various surveys - Travel patterns , Transport facilities and planning parameters.

UNIT II:. MODES

Basic of trip generation - Trip distribution - Trip assignment and modal split models - Validation of the model.

UNIT III: PLAN PREPARATION AND EVALUTION

Preparation of alternative plans - Evaluation techniques - Economic and financial evaluation - Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) - Case Studies.

UNIT IV: BUS TRANSPORTATION

Characteristics of bus transportation in urban areas - Fare policy -Route planning - Planning of terminals – Break even point and its relevance.

UNIT V: RAIL TRANSPROTATION

Characteristics of suburban, LRT and RRT systems - Planning of rail terminals -Fare policy -Unified traffic and transport authority.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Michael J. Bruton "Introduction to Transportation Planning ", Hutchinson, London, 1995.
- 2. Kadiyali L.R., "Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning ", Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 1997.

REFERENCES

- 1. John W.Dickey, Metropolitan Transportation Planning, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1990.
- 2. Comprehensive Traffic and Transportation Studies for Madras Metropolitan Development Area, Madras Metropolitan Development Authority 1995.

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

9 Hrs

Total No. of Hours : 45



BCE13E02

GROUND WATER ENGINEERING 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop an awareness of problematic soils and selection of ground improvement techniques based on soil conditions.
- To understand drainage, dewatering, grouting technique and use of geosynthetics in ground improvement method.

UNIT I: FUNDAMENTALS OF GROUND WATER

Introduction – Characteristic of Ground water – Global distribution of water - ground water column –Permeability - Darcy's Law - Laboratory permeability test - Types of aquifers - Hydro geological Cycle – water level fluctuations.

UNIT II: HYDRAULICS OF FLOW

Storage coefficient - Specific yield - Heterogeneity and Anisotropy -Transmissivity - governing equations of ground water flow - Steady state flow – Du puit Forchheimer assumption - Velocity potential - Flow nets.

UNIT III: ESTIMATION OF PARAMETERS

Transmissivity and Storability – Pumping test - Unsteady state flow - Thiess method - Jacob method - Image well theory – Effect of partial penetrations of wells - Collectors wells.

UNIT IV: GROUND WATER DEVELOPMENT

Collector wells - Infiltration gallery - Conjunctive use - Artificial recharge -Safe yield -Yield test - Geophysical methods - Selection of pumps.

UNIT V: WATER QUALITY

Ground water chemistry -Origin, movement and quality - Water quality standards - Saltwater intrusion - Environmental concern.

Total No. of Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Raghunath H.M., Ground Water Hydrology, Wiley Eastern Ltd., Second reprint, 2000. New Jersey
- 2. Todd D.K., Ground Water Hydrology, John Wiley and Sons, 2000. New Jersey

REFERENCES

- 1. Ramakrishnan S, Ground Water, 1998, McGraw Hill New Delhi
- 2. C Walton, Ground Water Resource Evaluation, McGraw Hill, New Delhi

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs



BCE13E03

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- > To study in details about Traffic Engineering and Management.
- > To know the characteristics of traffic elements.
- ➢ To know the traffic control measures.
- > To study about the driver and pedestrian behaviour.
- > To study about the scope of traffic management.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Significance and scope, Characteristics of Vehicles and Road Users, Skid Resistance and Braking Efficiency (Problems), Components of Traffic Engineering- Road, Traffic and Land Use Characteristics.

UNITII: TRAFFIC SURVEYS AND ANALYSIS

Surveys and Analysis - Volume, Capacity, Speed and Delays, Origin and Destination, Parking, Pedestrian Studies, Accident Studies and Safety Level of Services- Problems.

UNIT III: TRAFFIC CONTROL

Traffic Signs, Road Markings, Design of Traffic Signals and Signal Co-ordination (Problems), Traffic control Aids and Street Furniture, Computer Applications in Signal Design.

UNIT IV: DESIGN OF GEOMETRIC INTERSECTIONS

Conflicts at Intersections, Classification of Intersections at Grade, Grade Separators (Concepts only), Principles of Intersection Design, Elements of Intersection Design, Channelisation and Rotary Design (Problem).

UNIT V: TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

Traffic Management- Traffic System Management (TSM) and Travel Demand Management (TDM), Restrictions on Turning Movements, One-way Streets, Traffic Segregation, Traffic Calming, Tidal Flow Operations, Exclusive Bus Lanes - Introduction to Intelligence Transport System (ITS).

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Khanna K and Justo C E G, Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, Roorkee, 2000.
- 2. Kadiyali L R, Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning, Khanna Technical Publications, Delhi, 200.

REFERENCES

- 1. Indian Roads Congress (IRC) specifications: Guidelines and special publications on Traffic Planning and Mgmt
- 2. Guidelines of Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, Government of India.
- 3. Subhash C.Saxena, A Course in Traffic Planning and Design, Dhanpat Rai Publications, New Delhi, 1989.

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

Total No. of Hours: 45



BCE13E04

HOUSING - PLANNING AND DESIGN

OBJECTIVES:

- > A house plan is a set of construction or working drawings that define all the construction specifications of a residential house
- A truly successful project is one where project goals are identifies early on and where the interdependencies \geq of all building systems are coordinated concurrently from the planning and programming phase.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO HOUSING

Definition of Basic Terms - House, Home, Household, Apartments - Objectives of National Housing Policies, Principle of Sustainable Housing, Housing Laws at State level, Local bodies' Bye-laws at Urban and Rural Level and Development Control Regulations, Institutions for Housing at National, State and Local levels.

UNITII: HOUSING PROGRAMMES

Basic Concepts - Contents and Standards for Housing Programmes - Sites and Services, Neighbourhood, Open Development Plots, Apartments, Rental Housing, Co-operative Housing, Slum Housing Programme, Role of Public, Private and Non-Government Organisations.

UNIT III: PLANNING AND DESIGN OF HOUSING PROJECTS 9Hrs

Formulation of Housing Projects - Site Analysis, Layout Design, Design of Housing Units (Design Problems).

UNIT IV: CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES AND COST-EFFECTIVE MATERIALS

New Constructions Techniques - Cost Effective Modern Construction Materials, Building Centers - Concept, Functions and Performance Evaluation.

UNIT V: HOUSING FINANCE AND PROJECT APPRAISAL

Appraisal of Housing Projects - Housing Finance, Cost Recovery - Cash Flow Analysis, Subsidy and Cross Subsidy, Pricing of Housing Units, Rents, Recovery Pattern (Problems).

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Meera Mehta and Dinesh Mehta, Metropolitan Housing Markets, Sage Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Francis Cherunilam and Odeyar D Heggade, Housing in India, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1997.

REFERENCES

- 1. Development Control Rules for Chennai Metropolitan Area, CMA, Chennai, 200.
- 2. UNCHS, National Experiences with Shelter Delivery for the Poorest Groups, UNCHS (Habitat), Nairobi, 1994.
- 3. National Housing Policy, 1994, Government of India.

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

45

Total No of Hours :

9Hrs



BCE13E05

HYDROLOGY

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- > To get exposure in the field of hydrology.
- > To know the basic concepts in hydrology.
- > To study the features of precipitation, evaporation and infiltration.
- > To learn basics, estimation, and modeling of runoff.
- > To understand estimation, forecasting and control of flood.
- > To familiarize computer applications in hydrology.

UNIT I: HYDROMETEOROLOGY

Hydrological cycle – Hydro meteorological factors – Cloud formation – Winds and their movement – Types of precipitation – Forms for precipitation – Density and Adequacy of rain gauges – Recording and non-recording gauges.

UNITII: PRECIPITATION AND ABSTRACTIONS

Spatial distribution – Consistency analysis – Frequency analysis – Intensity, duration, frequency relationships – Evaporation – Infiltration – Horton's equation – Infiltration indices – Types of streams – Stage discharge relationships – Flow measurements – Current meter method for velocity measurements.

UNIT III: HYDROGRAPH ANALISYS

Factors affecting shape of hydrograph – Components of DRH – Baseflow – Unit hydrograph – S curve hydrograph – Synthetic unit hydrograph.

UNIT IV: GROUND WATER HYDROLOGY

Occurrence of ground water – Types of aquifer – Dupuit's assumptions – Darcy's law – Estimation of aquifer parameters – Pump tests.

UNIT V: FLOOD ANALYSIS

Flood estimation – Gumbel's method – Log Pearson type III method – Reservoir flood routing – Channel routing – Other methods of routing.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Subramanya K, Engineering Hydrology, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1999.
- 2. Jayaram Reddy P, Hydrology, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1998.

REFERENCES

- 1. Raghunath H M, Hydrology, Wiley Eastern Limited, 1998.
- 2. Vijay P Singh, Elementary Hydrology, Prentice Hall of India, 1998.
- 3. Mutreja K N, Applied Hydrology, Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.

B.Tech Civil Engineering – 2013 Regulation

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

Total No. of Hours : 45

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

BCE13E06

OBJECTIVES:

> To know the objectives, capability, and limitations of environmental impact assessment.

- To learn methodologies and legal aspects of environmental impact assessment.
- \geq To study socio economic impact assessment.
- > To obtain knowledge in impact of air quality and noise impact.
- To familiarize with impact of energy, water quality, vegetation, and wild life. \geq

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Impact of development on environment and Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) - Objectives - Historical development - EIA capability and limitations - Legal provisions on EIA.

UNIT II: METHODOLOGIES

Methods of EIA – Strengths, weaknesses and applicability – Appropriate methodology – Case studies.

UNIT III: PREDICTION AND ASSESSMENT

Socio Economic Impact - Assessment of Impact on land, water and air, energy impact; Impact on flora and fauna; Mathematical models; public participation - Reports - Exchange of Information - Post Audit - Rapid EIA.

UNIT IV: MATHEMATICAL MODELS FOR ASSESSMENT

Use the mathematical models in EIA – Water quality, air quality and noise; assumptions and limitations.

UNIT V: ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Plan for mitigation of adverse impact on environment – options for mitigation of impact on water, air and land, flora and fauna; Addressing the issues related to the Project Affected People.

TEXT BOOKS

- Canter, R.L. Environmental Impact Assessment, McGraw Hill Inc., New Delhi, 1996. 1.
- 2. S.K.Shukla and P.R.Srivastava, Concepts in Environmental Impact Analysis, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi, 1992.

REFERENCES

- 1. John G.Rau and David C Hooten (Ed)., Environmental Impact Analysis Handbook, McGraw Hill Book Company, 1990.
- 2. Environmental Assessment Source book, Vol. I, II & III. The World Bank, Washington, D.C., 1991.
- 3. Judith Petts, Hand book of Environmental Impact Assessment Vol. I & II, Blackwell Science, 1999.

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

45

Total No. of Hours:





BCE13E07

INDUSTRIAL WASTE MANAGEMENT

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- > This subject deals with the pollution from major industries and methods of controlling the same.
- The student is expected to know about the polluting potential of major industries in the country and the \geq methods of controlling the same.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Types of industries and industrial pollution – Characteristics of industrial wastes – Population equivalent – Bioassay studies - effects of industrial effluents on streams, sewer, land, sewage treatment plants and human health -Hazardous Wastes - Environmental legislations related to prevention and control of industrial effluents and hazardous wastes - Pollution Control Boards.

UNIT II: CLEANER PRODUCTION

Waste management Approach - Waste Audit - Volume and strength reduction - material and process modifications - Recycle, reuse and byproduct recovery - Applications.

UNIT III: TREATMENT OF INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER

Equalisation - Neutralisation - removal of suspended and dissolved organic solids - Chemical oxidation - Removal of dissolved inorganics - Combined treatment of industrial and municipal wastes - Residue management.

UNIT IV: 4. TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS WASTES

Physio chemical treatment - solidification - incineration - Secured landfills - Legal Provisions.

UNIT V: CASE STUDIES

Sources, Characteristics, waste treatment flow sheets for selected industries such as Textiles, Tanneries, Dairy, Sugar, Paper, distilleries, Steel plants, Refineries, fertilizer, thermal power plants.

Total No. of Hours:

TEXT BOOKS

- M.N.Rao & A.K.Dutta, Wastewater Treatment, Oxford IBH Publication, 1995. 1.
- 2. W.W. Eckenfelder Jr., Industrial Water Pollution Control, McGraw-Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1994. REFERENCES
- T.T.Shen, Industrial Pollution Prevention, Springer, 1999. 1.
- 2. R.L.Stephenson and J.B.Blackburn, Jr., Industrial Wastewater Systems Hand book, Lewis Publisher, New York,
- 3. H.M.Freeman, Industrial Pollution Prevention Hand Book, McGraw Hill Inc., New Delhi, 1995.

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs





BCE13E08

MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- This subject covers the various sources and characterization of municipal solid wastes and the on-site/offsite processing of the same and the disposal methods.
- The student is expected to know about the various effects and disposal options for the municipal solid waste.

UNIT I: SOURCES AND TYPES

Sources and types of solid wastes in a Municipality; Quantity – factors affecting generation of solid wastes; characteristics – methods of sampling and characterization; Effects of improper disposal of solid wastes – public health effects. Principle of solid waste management – social & economic aspects; Public awareness; Role of NGOs; Legislation.

UNIT II: ON-SITE STORAGE & PROCESSING

On-site storage methods – materials used for containers – on-site segregation of solid wastes – public health & economic aspects of storage – options under Indian conditions – Critical Evaluation of Options.

UNIT III: COLLECTION AND TRANSFER

Methods of Collection – types of vehicles – Manpower – collection routes; transfer stations – selection of location, operation & maintenance; options under Indian conditions.

UNIT IV: OFF-SITE PROCESSING

Processing techniques and Equipment; Resource recovery from solid wastes – composting, incineration, options under Indian conditions.

UNIT V: DISPOSAL

Dumping of solid waste; sanitary landfills – site selection, design and operation Of sanitary landfills.

Total No. of Hours :

- 1. George Tchobanoglous et.al., Integrated Solid Waste Management, McGraw Hill Publishers, 1993.
- 2. B.Bilitewski, G.HardHe, K.Marek, A.Weissbach, and H.Boeddicker, Waste Management, Springer, 1994.

REFERENCES

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Manual on Municipal Solid Waste Management, CPHEEO, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, New Delhi, 200
- 2. R.E.Landreth and P.A.Rebers, Municipal Solid Wastes problems and Solutions, Lewis Publishers, 1997
- 3. Bhide A.D. and Sundaresan, B.B., Solid Waste Management in Developing Countries; INSDOC, 1993.

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs



BCE13E09

BRIDGE STRUCTURES

OBJECTIVE:

- Bridges are structures which carry people and vehicles across natural or man-made obstacles.
- > There are many types of bridges. Based on the length of the barrier to be crossed, the amount and type of traffic as well as forces of nature (wind, tide and flood) different materials and shapes of bridges are used.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Design of through type steel highway bridges for IRC loading - Design of stringers, cross girders and main girders -Design of deck type steel highway bridges for IRC loading - Design of main girders.

UNIT II: STEEL BRIDGES

Design of pratt type truss girder highway bridges - Design of top chord, bottom chord, web members - Effect of repeated loading - Design of plate girder railway bridges for railway loading - Wind effects - Design of web and flange plates - Vertical and horizontal stiffeners.

UNIT III: REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB BRIDGES

Design of solid slab bridges for IRC loading - Design of kerb - Design of tee beam bridges - Design of panel and cantilever for IRC loading.

UNIT IV: REINFORCED CONCRETE GIRDER BRIDGES

Design of tee beam - Courbon's theory - Pigeaud's curves - Design of balanced cantilever bridges - Deck slab - Main girder - Design of cantilever - Design of articulation.

UNIT V: PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGES

Design of prestressed concrete bridges - Preliminary dimensions - Flexural and torsional parameters -Courbon's theory - Distribution coefficient by exact analysis - Design of girder section - Maximum and minimum prestressing forces - Eccentricity - Live load and dead load shear forces - cable zone in girder -Check for stresses at various sections - Check for diagonal tension - Diaphragms - End block - Short term and long term deflections.

Total No. of Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

- Johnson Victor D., "Essentials of Bridge Engineering", Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1990. 1.
- 2. Ponnuswamy S., " Bridge Engineering ", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1996.

REFERENCES

Phatak D.R., "Bridge Engineering", Satya Prakashan, New Delhi, 1990. 1

3003

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs



BCE13E10

STORAGE STRUCTURES

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- > Planning and layout play a very important role in industrial structures and they are important.
- > Design of steel gable frame with knee joint, beam column, base plate and anchor bolt are dealt with here .
- > Design of RC silos, bunkers, chimneys and cooling tower are dealt with here.

UNIT I: STEEL WATER TANKS

Design of rectangular riveted steel water tank – Tee covers – Plates – Stays – Longitudinal and transverse beams – Design of staging – Base plates – Foundation and anchor bolts – Design of pressed steel water tank – Design of stays – Joints – Design of hemispherical bottom water tank – side plates – Bottom plates – joints – Ring girder – Design of staging and foundation.

UNITII: CONCRETE WATER TANKS

Design of Circular tanks – Hinged and fixed at the base – IS method of calculating shear forces and moments – Hoop tension – Design of intze tank – Dome – Ring girders – Conical dome – Staging – Bracings – Raft foundation – Design of rectangular tanks – Approximate methods and IS methods – Design of under ground tanks – Design of base slab and side wall – Check for uplift.

UNIT III: STEEL BUNKERS AND SILOS

Design of square bunker – Jansen's and Airy's theories – IS Codal provisions – Design of side plates – Stiffeners – Hooper – Longitudinal beams – Design of cylindrical silo – Side plates – Ring girder – stiffeners.

UNIT IV: CONCRETE BUNKERS AND SILOS

Design of square bunker – Side Walls – Hopper bottom – Top and bottom edge beams – Design of cylindrical silo – Wall portion – Design of conical hopper – Ring beam at junction.

UNIT V: PRESTRESSED CONCRETE WATER TANKS

Principles of circular prestressing - Design of prestressed concrete circular water tanks.

Total No. of Hours: 45

TEXT BOOK

1. Rajagopalan K., Storage Structures, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1998.

REFERENCE

1. Krishna Raju N Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1998.

15Hrs

15Hrs

5Hrs

5Hrs



TALL BUILDINGS

3003

OBJECTIVES:

BCE13E11

- ▶ To introduce various aspects of planning of Tall Buildings .
- To know about different types of loads.
- > To introduce various structural systems for medium rise buildings with their behaviour and analysis.
- > To introduce various structural systems for high rise buildings with their behaviour and analysis.
- > To impart knowledge about stability analysis of various systems and to know about advanced topics.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

The Tall Building in the Urban Context - The Tall Building and its Support Structure - Development of High Rise Building Structures - General Planning Considerations. Dead Loads - Live Loads-Construction Loads -Snow, Rain, and Ice Loads - Wind Loads-Seismic Loading –Water and Earth Pressure Loads - Loads - Loads Due to Restrained Volume Changes of Material - Impact and Dynamic Loads - Blast Loads -Combination of Loads.

UNIT II: THE VERTICAL STRUCTURE PLANE

Dispersion of Vertical Forces- Dispersion of Lateral Forces - Optimum Ground Level Space - Shear Wall Arrangement - Behaviour of Shear Walls under Lateral Loading. The Floor Structure or Horizontal Building Plane Floor Framing Systems-Horizontal Bracing- Composite Floor Systems The High - Rise Building as related to assemblage Kits Skeleton Frame Systems - Load Bearing Wall Panel Systems - Panel – Frame Systems - Multistory Box Systems.

UNIT III: COMMON HIGH-RISE BUILDING STRUCTURES AND THEIR BEHAVIOUR UNDER LOAD

The Bearing Wall Structure- The Shear Core Structure - Rigid Frame Systems- The Wall - Beam Structure: Interspatial and Staggered Truss Systems - Frame - Shear Wall Building Systems - Flat Slab Building Structures -Shear Truss - Frame Interaction System with Rigid - Belt Trusses - Tubular Systems-Composite Buildings -Comparison of High - Rise Structural Systems Other Design Approaches Controlling Building Drift Efficient Building Forms - The Counteracting Force or Dynamic Response.

UNIT IV: APPROXIMATE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF BUILDING

Approximate Analysis of Bearing Wall Buildings The Cross Wall Structure - The Long Wall Structure The Rigid Frame Structure Approximate Analysis for Vertical Loading – Approximate Analysis for Lateral Loading - Approximate Design of Rigid Frame Buildings-Lateral Deformation of Rigid Frame Buildings The Rigid Frame - Shear Wall Structure - The Vierendeel Structure - The Hollow Tube Structure.

UNIT V: OTHER HIGH-RISE BUILDING STRUCTURE

Deep - Beam Systems -High-Rise Suspension Systems - Pneumatic High -Rise Buildings - Space Frame Applied to High - Rise Buildings - Capsule Architecture.

Total No. of Hours :45

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. WOLFGANG SCHUELLER "High-rise Building Structures", John Wiley&Sons.
- 2. Bryan Stafford Smith and Alex Coull, " Tall Building Structures ", Analysis and Design, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1991.

REFERENCES

- 1. COULL, A. and SMITH, STAFFORD, B. " Tall Buildings ", Pergamon Press, London, 1997.
- 2. LinT.Y. and Burry D.Stotes, " Structural Concepts and Systems for Architects and Engineers ", John Wiley, 1994.
- 3. Lynn S.Beedle, Advances in Tall Buildings, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, 1996.

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs





BCE13E12

PRE FABRICATED STRUCTURES

3003

OBJECTIVE:

At the end of this course the student shall be able to appreciate modular construction, \geq industrialized construction and shall be able to design some of the prefabricated elements and also have the knowledge of the construction methods using these elements.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Need for prefabrication - Principles - Materials - Modular coordination - Standardization - Systems - Production -Transportation – Erection.

UNIT II: PREFABRICATED COMPONENTS

Behaviour of structural components - Large panel constructions - Construction of roof and floor slabs - Wall panels - Columns - Shear walls.

UNIT III: DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Disuniting of structures- Design of cross section based on efficiency of material used – Problems in design because of joint flexibility - Allowance for joint deformation.

UNIT IV: JOINT IN STRUCTURAL MEMBERS

Joints for different structural connections – Dimensions and detailing – Design of expansion joints.

UNIT V: DESIGN FOR ABNORMAL LOADS

Progressive collapse - Code provisions - Equivalent design loads for considering abnormal effects such as earthquakes, cyclones, etc., - Importance of avoidance of progressive collapse.

Total No. of Hours: 45

*Note: (Use of approved data books permitted)

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. CBRI, Building materials and components, India, 1990
- 2. Gerostiza C.Z., Hendrikson C. and Rehat D.R., Knowledge based process planning for construction and manufacturing, Academic Press Inc., 1994

REFERENCES:

- 1. Koncz T., Manual of precast concrete construction, Vols. I, II and III, Bauverlag, GMBH, 1971.
- 2. Structural design manual, Precast concrete connection details, Society for the studies in the use of precast concrete, Netherland Betor Verlag, 1978.

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs



BCE13E13

OBJECTIVES:

Dr.M.G.R Educational and Research Institute Univeristy (Decl. U/S 3 of UGC Act 1956) DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES

3003

This course deals with some of the special aspects with respect to Civil Engineering structures in industri	ies.
> At the end of this course the student shall be able to design some of the structures.	
UNIT I: PLANNING Classification of Industries and Industrial structures – General requirements for industries like cement, chemical steel plants – Planning and layout of buildings and components.	and
UNIT II: FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS 9Hrs	
Lighting – Ventilation – Accounts – Fire safety – Guidelines from factories act.	
UNIT III: DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES9HrsIndustrial roofs – Crane girders – Mill buildings – Design of Bunkers and Silos	
UNIT IV: DESIGN OF R.C. STRUCTURES 9Hrs	
Silos and bunkers - Chimneys - Principles of folded plates and shell roofs	
UNIT V: PREFABRICATION 9Hrs	
Principles of prefabrication – Prestressed precast roof trusses- Functional requirements for Precast concrete units Total No. of Hours: 45	
TEXT BOOKS	
1. Reinforced Concrete Structural elements – P. Purushothaman	
2. Pasala Dayaratnam – Design of Steel Structure - 1990	

REFERENCES

- 1. Henn W. Buildings for Industry, Vols. I and II, London Hill Books, 1995
- 2. Handbook on Functional Requirements of Industrial buildings, SP32 1986, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi 1990
- 3. Course Notes on Modern Developments in the Design and Construction of Industrial Structures, Structural Engineering Research Centre, Madras, 1982



BCE13E14

SMART STRUCTURES AND SMART MATERIALS 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- This course is designed to give an insight into the latest developments regarding smart materials and their use in structures.
- > Further, this also deals with structures which can self adjust their stiffness with load.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Smart Materials and Structures – Instrumented structures functions and response – Sensing systems – Self diagnosis – Signal processing consideration – Actuation systems and effectors.

UNIT II: MEASURING TECHNIQUES

Strain Measuring Techniques using Electrical strain gauges, Types – Resistance – Capacitance – Inductance – Wheatstone bridges – Pressure transducers – Load cells – Temperature Compensation – Strain Rosettes.

UNIT III: SENSORS

Sensing Technology – Types of Sensors – Physical Measurement using Piezo Electric Strain measurement – Inductively Read Transducers – The LVOT – Fiber optic Techniques. Chemical and Bio-Chemical sensing in structural Assessment – Absorptive chemical sensors – Spectroscopes – Fibre Optic Chemical Sensing Systems and Distributed measurement.

UNIT IV: ACTUATORS

Actuator Techniques – Actuator and actuator materials – Piezoelectric and Electrostrictive Material – Magnetostructure Material – Shape Memory Alloys – Electro rheological Fluids– Electro magnetic actuation – Role of actuators and Actuator Materials.

UNIT V: SIGNAL PROCESSING AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

Data Acquisition and Processing – Signal Processing and Control for Smart Structures – Sensors as Geometrical Processors – Signal Processing – Control System – Linear and Non-Linear.

Total No of Hours : 45

TEXT BOOK

1. Brain Culshaw – Smart Structure and Materials Artech House – Borton. London-1996.

REFERENCES

1. L. S. Srinath – Experimental Stress Analysis – Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.

2. J. W. Dally & W. F. Riley – Experimental Stress Analysis – Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs



BCE13E15

FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

3003

8Hrs

8Hrs

9Hrs

10Hrs

10 hrs

45

OBJECTIVES:

- The objective is to equip students with fundamentals of finite element principles so as to enable them to understand.
- The behaviour of various finite elements and to be able to select appropriate elements to solve physical and engineering problems with emphasis on structural and thermal engineering applications.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION - VARIATIONAL FORMULATION

General filed problems in Engineering – Modelling – Discrete and Continuous models – Characteristics – Difficulties involved in solution – The relevance and place of the finite element method – Historical comments – Basic concept of FEM, Boundary and initial value problems – Gradient and divergence theorems – Functionals – Variational calculus – Variational formulation of VBPS. The method of weighted residuals – The Ritz method.

UNIT II: FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS OF ONE DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS

One dimensional second order equations – discretisation of domain into elements – Generalised coordinates approach – derivation of elements equations – assembly of elements equations – imposition of boundary conditions – solution of equations – Cholesky method – Post processing – Extension of the method to fourth order equations and their solutions – time dependant problems and their solutions – example from heat transfer, fluid flow and solid mechanics.

UNIT III: FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS OF TWO DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS

Second order equation involving a scalar-valued function – model equation – Variational formulation – Finite element formulation through generalised coordinates approach – Triangular elements and quadrilateral elements – convergence criteria for chosen models – Interpolation functions – Elements matrices and vectors – Assembly of element matrices –boundary conditions – solution techniques.

UNIT IV: ISOARAMETRIC ELEMENTS AND FORMULATION

Natural coordinates inn 1, 2 and 3 dimensions – use of area coordinates for triangular elements in - 2 dimensional problems – Isoparametric elements in 1,2 and 3 dimensional – Largrangean and serendipity elements – Formulations of elements equations in one and two dimensions - Numerical integration.

UNIT V: APPLICATIONS TO FIELD PROBLEMS IN TWO DIMENSION

Equations of elasticity – plane elasticity problems – axis symmetric problems in elasticity Bending of elastic plates – Time dependent problems in elasticity – Heat – transfer in two dimensions – incompressible fluid flow.

Total No. of Hours :

TEXT BOOK

1. J.N.Reddy, "An Introduction to Finite Element Method", McGraw-Hill Book Co., Intl. Edition, 1985.

REFERENCES

- 1. Rienkiewics, "The finite element method, Basic formulation and linear problems", Vol.1, 4/e, McGraw-Hill Book Co.
- 2. S.S.Rao, "The Finite Element Method in Engineering", Pergaman Press, 1989.
- 3. C.S.Desai and J.F.Abel, "Introduction to the Finite Element Method", Affiliated East West Press 1972



BCE13E16 EARTH QUAKE RESISTANT STRUCTURES

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop systematically from basic principles of structural dynamics the characteristic of dynamic behaviour of the structure, namely, response spectrum.
- > To impart knowledge about materials and structural systems for structures subject to earthquake
- > To expose aspects of modern methods for seismic damage evaluation, control, repair and rehabilitation.

UNIT I: ELEMENTS OF ENGINEERING SEISMOLOGY

Definitions of magnitude, intensity, epicenter, forces – general features of tectonics of seismic regions in India – seismographs – nature of dynamic loading resulting from Earthquakes.

UNIT II: SEISMIC DESIGN CONCEPTS

Review of Theory of structural vibrations induced under base excitation – single degree & multiple degree idealistations – Response spectrum approach – Time History Analysis – Building systems with frames, with and without shear walls.

UNIT III: PERFORMANCE OF STRUCTURES

Response of structural elements to the dynamic loads. Ductility and energy absorption – Regular and Irregular building types.

UNIT IV: INDIAN STANDARD CODES OF PRACTICE

Provisions of Indian standard code IS 1893. Approach of Ascismic analysis of miscellaneous structures such as retaining walls, water tanks, and dams. Importance of detailing. IS4326

UNIT V: MODERN CONCEPTS

Base Isolation techniques - Active & Passive control - Case Studies.

*Note: (Use of approved data books permitted)

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Jaikrishna & Chandra Sekharan: "Elements of Earthquake Engineering"
- 2. Chopra:, A.K "Structural Dynamics & Earthquake Engineering " Prentice Hall, N.J., 1995.

REFERENCES

- 1. Downrick, D.J: "Earth Resistant Design" John Wiley & Sons, London.
- Amold C & Reithman, R "Building configuration & seismic design" Wiegel, R.I. (Ed): "Earthquake Engineering" Prentice Hall, N.J., 197.

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

Total No. of Hours: 45



BCE13E17 GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop an awareness of problematic soils and selection of ground improvement techniques based on soil conditions.
- > To understand drainage, dewatering, grouting technique and use of geosynthetics in ground improvement method.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Role of ground improvement in foundation engineering - methods of ground improvement – Geotechnical problems in alluvial, lateric and black cotton soils -Selection of suitable ground improvement techniques based on soil condition.

UNIT II: DRAINAGE AND DEWATERING

Drainage techniques - Well points - Vacuum and electro osmotic methods - Seepage analysis for two dimensional flow fully and partially penetrating slots in homogenous deposits(Simple cases only).

UNIT III: INSITU TREATMENT OF COHESIONLESS AND COHESIVE SOILS

Insitu densification of cohesionless and consolidation of cohesive soils -Dynamic compaction and consolidation - Vibrofloation - Sand pile compaction - Preloading with sand drains and fabric drains – Stone columns – Lime piles - Installation techniques only - relative merits of various methods and their limitations.

UNIT IV: EARTH REINFORCEMENT

Concept of reinforcement - Types of reinforcement material - Applications of reinforced earth - Geotextiles in filtration drainage - Separation and road works.

UNIT V: GROUND TECHNIQUES

Types of grouts - Grouting equipment and machinery - Injection methods - Grout monitoring – Stabilisation with cement, lime and chemical - Stabilisation expansive soils.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Koerner R.M., Construction and Geotechical Methods in Foundation Engineering, McGraw Hill, 1994.
- 2. Purushothama Raj, P.Ground Improvement Techniques, Laxmi Publications (p) Ltd., New Delhi.

REFERENCES

- 1. Moseley M.P., Ground Improvement Blockie Academic and Professional, Chapman and Hall, Glassgow, 1993.
- 2. Jones J.E.P., Earth Reinforcement and Soil Structure, Butterworths, 1995.
- 3. Craig, R.F., Soil Mechanics, Van Nostrant Reinhold Co., New York, 1993.

9Hrs

9Hrs

Total No of Hours : 45

3003

9Hrs

9Hrs

9hrs



BCE13E18

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

3003

9Hrs

9Hrs

OBJECTIVES:

- > At the end of this course the student is expected to understand what constitutes the environment.
- > What are precious resources in the environment.
- \succ How to conserve these resources.
- What is the role of a human being in maintaining a clean environment and useful environment for the future generations and how to maintain ecological balance and preserve bio-diversity.

UNIT I: INTRODUTION TO ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Definition, Scope and importance – Need for Public awareness – Types of resources – Utilization of forest resources, water resources, Mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources- Dams and their effects on forest and tribal people-conflicts over water- equitable use of resources for sustainable life styles.

UNIT II: ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERRSITY

Kinds of ecosystems- Structure and functions of an ecosystems- Energy flow with in the ecosystem –Productivityfood chains and Trophic Levels- Ecological Pyramids- value of biodiversity – Biodiversity at global, National & local levels – Hot spots of Biodiversity –Threats to biodiversity – Endangered and Endemic species of India – Conservation of Biodiversity.

UNIT III: ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Environmental Pollution, sources, effects-control measures for air pollution, water pollution, Noise pollution, Land pollution, Marine pollution- Solid Waste Management- Disaster Management, e-waste pollution.

UNIT IV: ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Introduction - Environmental Management – climate change - population growth – Nuclear Accidents and Holocaust- Human Health and Human Rights- Environmental Ethics- Environmental Legislation- public awareness – Role of information Technology in Environmental & human health, e-waste management.

UNIT V: CASE STUDIES

Visit to a local area to document environmental assets (River/forest/grassland/hill/mountain)- Study of common plants, insects, birds- Study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, hill slopes – Visit to a local polluted site (Urban/Rural/ Industrial/ Agricultural), e-waste polluted places

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. T.Meenambal," Environmental Science and Engineering", MJP Publishers, Chennai, 2009.
- 2. P.Venugopal Rao, Environmental Science and Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi , 2009.

REFERENCES

- 1. Iftikaruddin, "Principles of Environmental science and Engineering", Sooraj Publication, 2006.
- 2. G.Masters, "Environmental Engineering", New Centurion Book House, New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. Rajagopal, "Environmental Engineering", Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 4. Biny Joseph, "Environmental Engineering", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2006.
- 5. Rana, "Essentials of Ecology and Environmental Science", Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2003.

9Hrs n Lan

9Hrs

9Hrs

Total No of Hours : 45



BCE13E19

CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY

3003

OBJECTIVE:

> To study the properties of materials, tests and mix design for concrete.

UNIT I: CEMENT, AGGREGATES, CHEMICAL AND MINERAL ADMIXTURES 10 Hrs

Production, composition, and properties; cement chemistry; Types of cements; special cements, Mineralogy; properties, tests and standards. Water reducers, air entrainers, set controllers, specialty admixtures - structure properties, and effects on concrete properties. Introduction to supplementary cementing materials and pozzolans. Fly ash, blast furnace slag, silica fume, and metakaolin - their production, properties, and effects on concrete properties. Other mineral additives - reactive and inert.

UNIT II: CONCRETE MIX DESIGN

Methods of concrete mix design - New approaches based on rheology and particle packing.

UNIT III: CONCRETE PRODUCTION & FRESH CONCRETE:

Batching of ingredients; mixing, transport, and placement. Consolidation, finishing, and curing of concrete; initial and final set - significance and measurement. Workability of concrete and its measurement.

UNIT IV: ENGINEERING PROPERTIES OF CONCRETE:

Compressive strength and parameters affecting it. Tensile strength - direct and indirect; Modulus of elasticity and Poisson's ratio. Stress strain response of concrete. Dimensional stability and durability: Creep and relaxation -Parameters affecting; Shrinkage of concrete - types and significance. Parameters affecting shrinkage; measurement of creep and shrinkage.

UNITV: DURABILITY OF CONCRETE:

Introduction to durability; relation between durability and permeability. Chemical attack of concrete; corrosion of steel rebars; other durability issues. Special concretes, Properties and applications of: High strength - high performance concrete, reactive powder concrete. Lightweight, heavyweight, and mass concrete; fibre reinforced concrete; self-compacting concrete; shotcrete; other special concretes.

Total No of Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Shetty. M.s., concrete technology, S.Chand and Co, pune, 1984
- 2. A.R. Shantha kumar, Concrete technology ----

REFERENCES

- Krishnasamy. K.T., concrete technology, Dhanapt rai New Delhi 1985 1.
- 2. Neville, properties of concrete 1977.

10Hrs

10Hrs

7Hrs


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BCE13E20

MODERN METHODS IN SURVEYING

3003

7Hrs

14Hrs

14Hrs

10Hrs

OBJECTIVES:

- At the end of the course the student will posses knowledge about Tachometric surveying, Control surveying, Survey adjustments, Astronomical surveying and Photogrammetry.
- ➢ Fundamentals of remote sensing and GIS.

UNIT I: MODERN SURVEYING EQUIPMENT

Modern surveying electronic equipments: digital levels, digital theodolites, EDMs, Total stations; Principles, working and applications; Lasers in surveying.

UNIT II: PHOTOGRAMMETRY

Photogrammetric terms; Applications; Type of photographs; Perspective geometry of near vertical and tilted photographs, heights and tilt distortions; Flight planning; Stereoscopy, base lining, floating marks, parallax equation and stereo measurements for height determination; Developments in photogrammetry: analogue, analytical and digital methods; photogrammetric instruments.

UNIT III: REMOTE SENSING

Introduction- Remote sensing system- data acquisition and processing; Applications; Multi concept in remote sensing. Physical basis of remote sensing- Electro-magnetic radiation (EMR)- nature, nomenclature and radiation laws; Interaction in atmosphere- nature, its effects in various wavelength regions, atmospheric windows; Interaction at ground surface- soils and rocks, vegetation, water, etc.; Geometric basis of interaction. Platform and sensors-Terrestrial, aerial and space platforms; Orbital characteristics of space platforms, sun- and geo-synchronous; Sensor systems- radiometers, optomechanical and push broom sensor; Resolution- spectral, spatial, radiometric and temporal; Data products from various air and spaceborne sensors- aerial photographs, LiDAR, Landsat, SPOT, IRS, ERS, IKONOS, etc. Image interpretation- Elements of interpretation; Manual and digital interpretation; Field verification.

UNIT IV: GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Components of GIS- data acquisition, spatial and attribute data, pre-processing, storage and management; Data structures- raster and vector data; GIS analysis functions; Errors and corrections; Data presentation and generation of thematic maps; Applications.

Total No. of Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Kanetkar T.P., "Surveying and Levelling", Vols. I and II, United Book Corporation, Pune, 1994.
- 2. Wolf P.R. "Elements of Photogrammetry", McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1988

REFERENCES

- 1. Clark D., "Plane and Geodetic Surveying", Vols. I and II, C.B.S. Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, sixth Edition, 1971.
- 2. James M. Anderson and Edward M. Mikhail, "Introduction to Surveying ", McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi, 1985.



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BCE13E21

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

3003

OBJECTIVE:

Disaster management refers to the policies, programs, administrative actions and operations undertaken to address a natural or man-made disaster through preparedness, mitigation, response and recovery.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO DISASTERS:

Concepts, and definitions-Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks Disasters: Classification, Causes, Impacts -including social, economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.)

UNIT II: RISK MANAGEMENT

Goals and objectives of ISDR Programme- Risk identification – Risk sharing – Disaster and development: Development plans and disaster management –Alternative to dominant approach –disaster-development linkages – Principle of risk partnership.

UNIT III: RISK REDUCTION

Trigger mechanism – constitution of trigger mechanism - risk reduction by education -disaster information network - risk reduction by public awareness Application of various technologies: Data bases - RDBMS - Management Information systems - Decision support system and other systems - Geographic information systems Remote sensing-an insight - contribution of remote sensing and GIS - Case study.

UNIT IV: INTER-RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN DISASTERS AND DEVELOPMENT:

Factors affecting Vulnerabilities, differential impacts, impact of Development projects such as dams, embankments, changes in Land-use etc. Climate Change Adaptation. Relevance of indigenous knowledge, appropriate technology and local resources financial arrangements – areas of improvement –disaster preparedness — emergency response.

UNIT V: DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT IN INDIA

Hazard and Vulnerability profile of India Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, DM Act and Policy, Other related policies, plans, programmes and legislation)

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Pardeep Sahni, Madhavi Malalgoda and Ariyabandu, "Disaster risk reduction in Southasia", PHI
- 2. Amita sinvhal, "Understanding earthquake disasters" TMH, 2010.

REFERENCE

1. Pardeep sahni, Alka Dhameja and Uma medury, "Disaster mitigation: Experiences and reflections", PHI

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

9Hrs

Total No. of Hours: 45

9Hrs